

EXHIBIT A

FORM OF NOTE

Unless this certificate is presented by an authorized representative of The Depository Trust Company to the District for registration of transfer, exchange or payment, and any certificate issued is registered in the name of Cede & Co. or such other name as requested by an authorized representative of The Depository Trust Company and any payment is made to Cede & Co., ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL since the registered owner hereof, Cede & Co., has an interest herein.

**SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX ANTICIPATION NOTE,
SERIES 2019**

Number	Date of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	CUSIP No.
R-1	[Closing Date]	___%	[Maturity Date]	[_____]

Registered Owner: CEDE & CO.

Principal Amount: _____ DOLLARS (\$[PAR AMOUNT])

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA (the “District”), a political subdivision of the State of Florida, does hereby promise to pay to the order of the Registered Owner of this Note the Principal Amount hereof together with interest hereon from the Date of Issue of this Note at the Interest Rate set forth above, computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months, payable on the Date of Maturity hereof, solely from the sources hereinafter identified, upon presentation and surrender hereof at the office of The School Board of Broward County, Florida (the “Board”), which shall serve as paying agent and registrar (the “Paying Agent”).

The principal of and interest on this Note are payable in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, at the date of payment hereof, is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts.

This Note is the only one of a duly authorized issue of Notes of the District designated as its “School District of Broward County, Florida Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019”, in the principal amount of _____ Dollars (\$_____) issued pursuant to the powers granted to the District by the State of Florida under Section 1011.13, Florida Statutes, as amended (the “Act”), and pursuant to a Resolution adopted by the Board, acting as the governing body of the District, on June 25, 2019 (the “Note Resolution”), for the purpose of providing funds to pay obligations incurred by the District in accordance with the official budget of the District for the fiscal year of the District beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020 (the “Current Fiscal Year”). Reference is hereby made to the Note Resolution for the provisions, among others, with respect to the collection and disposition of District ad valorem tax moneys and other legally available revenues of the District for the Current Fiscal Year to be received by

the District, and pledged to the payment of principal of and the interest on the Notes, the rights, duties and obligations of the District and the rights of the holder or holders of the Notes. By the acceptance of this Note, the holder hereof assents to all of the provisions of the Note Resolution. Capitalized terms used, but not defined, in this Note shall have the meanings assigned thereto in the Note Resolution.

This Note shall be issued initially pursuant to a book-entry-only system administered by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), which shall act as securities depository for the Notes, with no physical distribution of Note certificates to be made. Any provisions of the Note Resolution or this Note requiring physical delivery of Notes shall, under the book-entry-only system, be deemed to be satisfied by a notation on the records maintained by DTC of beneficial ownership interests of its participants (“Direct Participants”) and other institutions that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). Direct Participants and Indirect Participants will be responsible for maintaining records with respect to the beneficial ownership interests of individual purchasers of the Notes (the “Beneficial Owners”). Beneficial ownership interests in this Note may be transferred in accordance with the book-entry-only system maintained by DTC.

This Note shall initially be issued in the name of Cede & Co. as nominee for DTC, and so long as this Note is held in book-entry-only form Cede & Co. shall be considered the registered owner for all purposes hereof, including the payment of principal and interest hereon. Payment to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC. Payments by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants shall be the responsibility of Direct Participants and payments by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to individual beneficial owners shall be the responsibility of Direct Participants and Indirect Participants and not of DTC, the Paying Agent or the District.

This Note is a special obligation of the District payable solely from District ad valorem tax receipts levied pursuant to Florida law but only to the extent such tax receipts are legally available to be used for operating purposes and certain interest earnings of the District anticipated in the official budget of the District for the Current Fiscal Year for deposit in the Sinking Fund (collectively, the “Pledged Revenues”), and, if necessary, are additionally payable from, but not secured by, all legally available revenues of the District derived from sources other than ad valorem taxation which may be deposited by the District in the Sinking Fund. Pursuant to the Note Resolution, the Pledged Revenues to be received by the District from said District tax receipts for such fiscal year of the District in the Sinking Fund are irrevocably pledged to the payment when due of the principal of and interest on this Note.

THIS NOTE AND THE INTEREST THEREON DO NOT CONSTITUTE A GENERAL OBLIGATION OR INDEBTEDNESS OF, OR A PLEDGE OF THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF, THE DISTRICT, BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA, THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, WITHIN THE MEANING OF ANY CONSTITUTIONAL OR STATUTORY PROVISION OR LIMITATION BUT SHALL BE PAYABLE SOLELY FROM THE PLEDGED REVENUES IN THE MANNER AND TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN THE NOTE RESOLUTION. IT IS EXPRESSLY AGREED BY THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THIS NOTE THAT SUCH REGISTERED OWNER SHALL HAVE NO RIGHT TO COMPEL THE EXERCISE OF THE AD VALOREM TAXING POWER OF THE BOARD, THE DISTRICT, BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA, THE STATE

OF FLORIDA, OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO THE PLEDGED REVENUES, TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OF AND INTEREST ON THIS NOTE.

It is hereby certified, recited and declared that all conditions, acts and things required by the Constitution of the State of Florida or the laws thereof to exist, happen and be performed precedent to and in the issuance of this Note do exist, have happened, and have been done and performed in due and legal time, form and manner as required by law, in full compliance with law.

This Note shall be governed by the laws of the State of Florida, which laws shall be applicable in the interpretation, construction and enforcement hereof.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA has caused this Note to be executed with the manual, engraved, imprinted or stamped facsimile of the signature of the Chair of the Board and by the manual, engraved, imprinted, stamped or otherwise reproduced facsimile of the signature of the Secretary of the Board, provided, however, that at least one signature shall be manual, and to be sealed by a facsimile of the original seal of the Board, all as of [Closing Date].

[SEAL]

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD
COUNTY, FLORIDA

ATTEST:

By: *Do not sign*
Chair, The School Board of
Broward County, Florida

Do not sign
Secretary, The School Board
of Broward County, Florida

EXHIBIT B

DTC BLANKET ISSUER LETTER OF REPRESENTATIONS

The Depository Trust Company

A subsidiary of the Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation

BLANKET ISSUER LETTER OF REPRESENTATIONS

(To be completed by Issuer and Co-Issuer(s), if applicable)

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

(Name of Issuer and Co-Issuer(s), if applicable)

February 1, 2019

(Date)

The Depository Trust Company
18301 Bermuda Green Drive
Tampa, FL 33647
Attention: Underwriting Department

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter sets forth our understanding with respect to all issues (the "Securities") that Issuer shall request to be made eligible for deposit by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

Issuer is: **(Note: Issuer shall represent one and cross out the other.)**

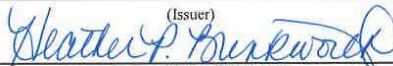
~~[incorporated in]~~ [formed under the laws of] Florida

To induce DTC to accept the Securities as eligible for deposit at DTC, and to act in accordance with DTC's Rules with respect to the Securities, Issuer represents to DTC that issuer will comply with the requirements stated in DTC's Operational Arrangements, as they may be amended from time to time.

Very truly yours,

Note:
Schedule A contains statements that DTC believes accurately describe DTC, the method of effecting book-entry transfers of securities distributed through DTC, and certain related matters.

The School District of Broward County, Florida

By: 
(Authorized Officer's Signature)

Heather P. Brinkworth, Chair

(Print Name)

600 SE 3rd Avenue, 2nd Floor

(Street Address)

Ft. Lauderdale, FL USA 33301

(City) (State) (Country) (Zip Code)

754.321.1980

(Phone Number)

heather.brinkworth@browardschools.com

(E-mail)

DTCC

Address)

BLOR 06-2013

EXHIBIT C

**FORMS OF OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE AND
SUMMARY NOTICE OF SALE**

OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE

\$160,000,000*

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX ANTICIPATION NOTES, SERIES 2019

The School Board of Broward County, Florida (the “Board”), the governing body of the School District of Broward County, Florida (the “District”), invites electronic bids via Parity®, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, for the purchase of all and not less than all of the District’s \$160,000,000* Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019 (the “Notes”). As used herein, the term “bidder” may include a group of bidders who may act through a representative or representatives.

GENERAL TERMS. The Notes will be dated as of their date of issue, and will mature on [MATURITY DATE]. The Notes will bear interest at the rate to be designated by the Successful Bidder (as defined below). The Notes are not subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity. Upon receipt of bids, the District reserves the right to reduce the principal amount of the Notes to be issued by more than ten percent (10%). The Notes are being issued to provide interim funds for the payment of operating expenses of the District for its fiscal year commencing July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020 (the “Current Fiscal Year”) and to pay expenses incurred in issuing the Notes, as more fully described in the Preliminary Official Statement for the Notes under the caption “PURPOSE OF THE NOTES”.

TERMS OF BIDS. Each bid must specify a single uniform interest rate per annum from the dated date to maturity which shall be expressed as an integral multiple of one-eighth (1/8th) or one-twentieth (1/20th) of one percent. Each bid must be for all and not less than all of the Notes issued. No bid for less than 100% of the principal amount of Notes will be considered. Premiums may be bid. All bids must be unconditional and submitted electronically via Parity® in accordance with this Official Notice of Sale. Only bids submitted through Parity® will be considered. No facsimile, personal delivery bids, or bids delivered by any other method will be accepted. By submitting a bid in accordance with this Official Notice of Sale, the bidder represents that it has an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds.

BASIS OF AWARD. The award, if any, will be made to the bidder (the “Successful Bidder”) whose bid results in the lowest net interest cost determined by deduction of any premium from the total interest on all of the Notes from their date of issue, to [MATURITY DATE], calculated on a 360-day year basis comprised of twelve 30-day months, and who otherwise meets and satisfies the terms and conditions of this Official Notice of Sale. If two or more bids provide the lowest net interest cost, the District shall determine by lot which bid shall be accepted, and such determination shall be final. The District reserves the right to waive any informality or irregularity in any bid and to reject any and all bids.

RECEIPT OF BIDS. Sealed bids for the Notes will be received by the District electronically via Parity® until 11:00 A.M., Eastern Time, on [July 9, 2019], or on such later

* Preliminary, subject to change

date as may be established by the Treasurer of the District or his designee and communicated through Thomson Municipal Market Monitor not less than twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time bids are to be received.

To the extent any instructions or directions set forth on Parity® conflict with this Official Notice of Sale, the terms of this Official Notice of Sale shall control. For further information about Parity®, potential bidders may contact i-Deal LLC at 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10018 or telephone (212) 849-5021. The use of Parity® shall be at the bidder's risk and expense, and the District shall have no liability with respect thereto. Only bids submitted through Parity® will be considered. No telephone, facsimile, mail, courier delivery or personal delivery bids will be accepted. To participate, bidders must be a contracted customer of the BiDCOMP Competitive Bidding System (the "System"). If the prospective bidder does not have a contract with the System, call (212) 849-5021 to become a customer and to obtain a list of the bidding rules and procedures.

GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT. The Successful Bidder is required to submit a good faith deposit (the "Deposit") in the form of a wire transfer to the School District of Broward County, Florida in the amount of one percent (1%) of the principal amount of the Notes, by 3:00 P.M. Eastern Time on the day the Notes are awarded, as instructed by the District or its Financial Advisor.

The Deposit of the Successful Bidder will be retained and deposited with the District until the delivery of the Notes, at which time the Deposit will be applied against the purchase price of the Notes. No interest on the Deposit will accrue to the Successful Bidder. In the event the Successful Bidder fails to honor its accepted bid, the Deposit will be retained by the District as liquidated damages. In the event that the District fails to deliver the Notes to the Successful Bidder, the Deposit shall be immediately delivered by the District to the Successful Bidder, and neither the Successful Bidder, the District nor any other party shall have any further obligation with respect to the Notes.

AUTHORIZATION, SECURITY AND SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR THE NOTES. The Notes are authorized pursuant to the terms of a resolution duly adopted by the Board on June 25, 2019, as the same may be supplemented or amended (the "Resolution"), and pursuant to the authority of Section 1011.13, Florida Statutes. The Notes and the interest thereon are limited obligations of the District payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of the ad valorem taxes collected for the benefit of the District during the Current Fiscal Year, for operating purposes, excluding ad valorem taxes collected for other purposes, and amounts on deposit in the Sinking Fund created by the Resolution for the Notes (collectively, the "Pledged Funds"), all in the manner and to the extent set forth in the Resolution and described in the Preliminary Official Statement under the heading "SECURITY FOR THE NOTES."

None of the District, Broward County, Florida (the “County”), the State of Florida (the “State”), or any political subdivision thereof will be obligated to pay, except as described above, any sums due on the Notes from any source of taxation, and the full faith and credit of the District, the County, the State, or any political subdivision thereof is not pledged for the payment of such sums due and such sums do not constitute an indebtedness of the District, the County, the State, or any political subdivision thereof within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision or limitation.

DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PURCHASER. Section 218.38(b)1, Florida Statutes, requires that the District file, within 120 days after delivery of the Notes, an information statement with the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration of the State of Florida (the “Division”) containing the following information: (a) the name and address of the managing underwriter, if any, connected with the Notes; (b) the name and address of any attorney or financial consultant who advised the District with respect to the Notes; (c) any fee, bonus or gratuity paid by any underwriter or financial consultant in connection with the Notes to any person not regularly employed or engaged by such underwriter or consultant; and (d) any other fee paid by the District with respect to the Notes, including any fee paid to attorneys or financial consultants. The Successful Bidder will be required to deliver to the District on the date of delivery of the Notes a statement signed by an authorized officer containing the information mentioned in (a) and (c) above with respect to any payment made by the Successful Bidder and to file any disclosure information required by law to be submitted by the Successful Bidder to the Division.

TRUTH IN BONDING STATEMENT. The Successful Bidder will be required to fill out a Truth in Bonding Statement, in the form attached hereto, stating the amount of the total interest to be paid over the life of the Notes, among other matters.

DELIVERY. Delivery of the Notes will be made through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) in New York, New York on or about their date of issue, against payment thereof in immediately available funds without cost to and to the order of the District.

PURCHASER’S CERTIFICATION REGARDING INITIAL OFFERING PRICE.

(a) The Successful Bidder shall assist the District in establishing the issue price of the Notes and shall execute and deliver to the District at Closing an “issue price” or similar certificate setting forth the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public or the sales price or prices of the Notes, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications, substantially in the form attached hereto, with such modifications as may be appropriate or necessary, in the reasonable judgment of the Successful Bidder, the District and Note Counsel. All actions to be taken by the District under this Notice of Sale to establish the issue price of the Notes may be taken on behalf of the District by the District’s Financial Advisor identified herein and any notice or report to be provided to the District may be provided to the District’s Financial Advisor.

(b) The District intends that the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining “competitive sale” for purposes of establishing the issue price of the Notes) will apply to the initial sale of the Notes (the “competitive sale requirements”) because:

- (i) the District shall disseminate this Notice of Sale to potential underwriters in a manner that is reasonably designed to reach potential underwriters;
- (ii) all bidders shall have an equal opportunity to bid;
- (iii) the District may receive bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds; and
- (iv) the District anticipates awarding the sale of the Notes to the bidder who submits a firm offer to purchase the Notes at the lowest interest cost, as set forth in this Notice of Sale.

Any bid submitted pursuant to this Notice of Sale shall be considered a firm offer for the purchase of the Notes, as specified in the bid.

(c) In the event that the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied, the District shall so advise the Successful Bidder. The District may determine to treat (i) the first price at which ten percent (10%) of Notes (the “10% test”) is sold to the public as the issue price and/or (ii) the initial offering price to the public as of the sale date of the Notes as the issue price (the “hold-the-offering-price rule”). The Successful Bidder shall advise the District if the Notes satisfy the 10% test as of the date and time of the award of the Notes. The District shall promptly advise the Successful Bidder, at or before the time of award of the Notes, whether Notes shall be subject to the 10% test or shall be subject to the hold-the-offering-price rule. Bids will not be subject to cancellation in the event that the District determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule to the Notes. Bidders should prepare their bids on the assumption that the Notes will be subject to the hold-the-offering-price rule in order to establish the issue price of the Notes.

(d) If the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied, then until the 10% test has been satisfied as to the Notes, the Successful Bidder agrees to promptly report to the District the prices at which the unsold Notes have been sold to the public. That reporting obligation shall continue, whether or not the Closing Date has occurred, until either (i) all Notes have been sold, or (ii) the 10% test has been satisfied as to the Notes provided that, the Successful Bidder’s reporting obligation after the Closing Date may be at reasonable periodic intervals or otherwise upon request of the District or Greenberg Traurig, P.A., Note Counsel.

(e) By submitting a bid, the Successful Bidder shall:

- (i) confirm that the underwriters have offered or will offer the Notes to the Public on or before the date of the award at the offering price (“the initial offering price”), or at the corresponding yield, set forth in the bid submitted by the Successful Bidder, and
- (ii) agree, on behalf of the underwriters participating in the purchase of the Notes, that the underwriters will neither offer nor sell unsold Notes to which the hold-the-offering-price rule shall apply to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price to the public during the period starting on the sale date and ending on the earlier of the following:

- (A) The close of the fifth (5th) business day after the sale date; or
- (B) The date on which the underwriters have sold at least 10% of the Notes to the public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the public.

The Successful Bidder shall promptly advise the District when the underwriters have sold 10% of the Notes to the public at prices that are no higher than the initial offering price to the public, if that occurs prior to the close of the fifth (5th) business date after the sale date.

(f) The District acknowledges that, in making the representation set forth above, the Successful Bidder will rely on (i) the agreement of each underwriter to comply with the requirements for establishing the issue price of the Notes, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Notes, as set forth in an agreement among underwriters and the related pricing wires, (ii) in the event a selling group has been created in connection with the initial sale of the Notes to the public, the agreement of each dealer who is a member of the selling group to comply with the requirements for establishing the issue price of the Notes, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Notes, as set forth in a selling group agreement and the related pricing wires, and (iii) in the event that an underwriter or dealer who is a member of a selling group is a party to a third-party distribution agreement that was employed in connection with the initial sale of the Notes to the public, the agreement of each broker-dealer that is a party to such agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing the issue price of the Notes, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Notes, as set forth in the third-party distribution agreement and the related pricing wires. The District further acknowledges that each underwriter shall be solely liable for its failure to comply with the requirements for establishing the issue price of the Notes, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with its agreement regarding the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Notes, and that no underwriter shall be liable for the failure of any other underwriter, or of any dealer who is a member of a selling group, or any broker-dealer that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to comply with its corresponding agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing the issue price of the Notes, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Notes.

- (g) By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that:
 - (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each third-party distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Notes to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement, as applicable,
 - (A) (1) to report the prices at which it sells to the public the unsold Notes allotted to it, whether or not the Closing Date has occurred, until either all Notes allocated to it have been sold or it is notified by the Successful Bidder that the 10% test has been satisfied as to

the Notes, provided that the reporting obligation after the Closing Date may be at reasonable periodic intervals or otherwise upon request of the Successful Bidder, and

(2) to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, for so long as directed by the Successful Bidder and as set forth in the related pricing wires,

(B) to promptly notify the Successful Bidder of any sales of Notes that, to its knowledge, are made to a purchaser who is a related party to an underwriter participating in the initial sale of the Notes, and

(C) to acknowledge that, unless otherwise advised by the underwriter, dealer or broker-dealer, the Successful Bidder shall assume that each order submitted by the underwriter, dealer, or broker-dealer is a sale to the public, and

(ii) any agreement among underwriters or selling group agreement relating to the initial sale of the Notes to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each underwriter or dealer that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Notes to the public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement to:

(A) report the prices at which it sells to the public the unsold Notes allocated to it, whether or not the Closing Date has occurred, until either all Notes allocated to it have been sold or it is notified by the Successful Bidder or such underwriter that the 10% test has been satisfied as to the Notes provided that, the reporting obligation after the Closing Date may be at reasonable periodic intervals or otherwise upon request of the Successful Bidder or such underwriter, and

(B) comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if and for so long as directed by the Successful Bidder or underwriter and as set forth in the related pricing wires.

(h) Sales of any Notes to any person that is a related party to an underwriter participating in the initial sale of the Notes to the public shall not constitute sales to the public for purposes of this Notice of Sale. Further, for purposes of this Notice of Sale:

(i) “public” means any person other than an underwriter or a related party,

(ii) “underwriter” means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the District (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Notes to the public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the Notes to the public (including a member of a selling

group or a party to a third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Notes to the public),

- (iii) a purchaser of any of the Notes is a “related party” to an underwriter if the underwriter and the purchaser are subject, directly or indirectly, to (a) at least 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (b) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (c) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and
- (iv) “sale date” means the date that the Notes are awarded by the District to the Successful Bidder.

LEGAL OPINION AND CLOSING CERTIFICATES. At the time of delivery of the Notes, the District will deliver to the Successful Bidder, at the expense of the District, the approving opinion of Greenberg Traurig, P.A., Miami, Florida, Note Counsel, in substantially the form appearing as Appendix D to the Official Statement, a no-litigation certificate and other customary closing certificates relating to the issuance of the Notes.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The delivery of the Preliminary Official Statement has been duly authorized by the Board. The Preliminary Official Statement, copies of which may be obtained as described below, is in a form “deemed final” by the District for purposes of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 (the “Rule”) but is subject to revision, amendment and completion in accordance with the Rule in the final Official Statement. After the sale of the Notes, the District will prepare a final Official Statement in substantially the same form as the Preliminary Official Statement, subject to minor additions, deletions and revisions as required to complete the Official Statement. The District expects the Successful Bidder to deliver copies of such Official Statement to persons to whom such Bidder initially sells the Notes, to all other members of its bidding syndicate, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board’s (“MSRB”) Electronic Municipal Market Access (“EMMA”) no later than ten (10) business days following the date of the award. The Successful Bidder will be required to acknowledge receipt of such Official Statement, to certify that it has made delivery of the Official Statement to EMMA and to acknowledge that the District expects the Successful Bidder to deliver copies of such Official Statement to persons to whom such Successful Bidder initially sells the Notes, to all other members of its bidding syndicate and to EMMA. The Successful Bidder shall also be responsible for compliance with the provisions of the Rule with respect to delivery of copies of the Official Statement to potential customers during the underwriting period. The Successful Bidder will be responsible to the District in all respects for the accuracy and completeness of information provided by such Successful Bidder with respect to such offering.

Upon request, up to 20 copies of the final Official Statement will be provided to the Successful Bidder at the expense of the District within seven (7) business days of the award of

the Notes. Additional copies, if needed, will be furnished at the expense of the Successful Bidder.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE. The District agrees in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the Notes, to provide or cause to be provided, in accordance with the requirements of the Rule, timely notice of the occurrence of certain material events with respect to the Notes.

The Successful Bidder's obligation to purchase the Notes shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Notes, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Successful Bidder, evidence that the District has made the continuing disclosure undertaking set forth above in a written certificate for the benefit of the holders of the Notes.

BOOK-ENTRY SYSTEM AND CUSIP NUMBERS. The Notes will be issued in fully registered form, without coupons. One Note certificate in the aggregate principal amount of the Notes will be issued to and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, as registered owner of the Notes, and immobilized in the custody of DTC which will act as securities depository for the Notes. A book-entry only system will be employed by DTC, evidencing beneficial ownership interests in the Notes in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, with transfers of beneficial ownership interests in the Notes effected only through the records of DTC and its participants and indirect participants pursuant to the rules and procedures established by DTC.

It is anticipated that CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Notes, but neither the failure to print such numbers on the Notes nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for failure or refusal by the Successful Bidder to accept delivery of and pay for the Notes in accordance with their agreement to purchase the Notes. It is the responsibility of the District's Financial Advisor to timely obtain such CUSIP numbers at the expense of the Successful Bidder.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. Copies of the Preliminary Official Statement, the form of Truth-In-Bonding Statement and the form of Certificate with Respect to "Issue Price" and other information may be obtained electronically from www.munios.com, or from the District's Financial Advisor, PFM Financial Advisors LLC, 300 South Orange Avenue, Suite 1170, Orlando, Florida 32801, Telephone: (407) 406-5751, Facsimile: (407) 648-1323, E-mail: moored@pfm.com.

**SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD
COUNTY, FLORIDA**

By: Do not sign
Ivan Perrone
Treasurer

Dated: [ONOS DATE]

[\$[PAR AMOUNT]]
SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX ANTICIPATION NOTES,
SERIES 2019

TRUTH-IN-BONDING STATEMENT

The School District of Broward County, Florida (the "District") is proposing to issue \$[PAR AMOUNT] Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019 (the "Notes") to provide interim funds for the payment of operating expenses of the District for its fiscal year commencing July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020 (the "Current Fiscal Year") and to pay expenses incurred in issuing the Notes as more fully described in the Preliminary Official Statement for the Notes under the caption "PURPOSE OF THE NOTES".

The Notes are expected to be repaid over a period of ____ days. At an interest rate of ____% (insert interest rate), total interest paid over the life of the Notes will be \$_____ (insert interest payment at maturity).

The source of repayment or security for the Notes is the ad valorem tax payments collected for operating purposes of the District during its Current Fiscal Year, excluding ad valorem taxes collected for other purposes, all as more specifically set forth in the Official Notice of Sale. Authorizing this debt or obligation will result in \$_____ (insert combined principal and interest payment at maturity) of such revenues not being available for other services or purposes of the District during its Current Fiscal Year.

The foregoing Truth-in-Bonding Statement is prepared pursuant to Sections 218.385(2) and (3), Florida Statutes, for informational purposes only and shall not affect or control the actual terms and conditions of the Notes.

Dated: [SALE DATE]

[UNDERWRITER]

By: *Do not sign* _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

CERTIFICATE WITH RESPECT TO “ISSUE PRICE”
\$(PAR AMOUNT)
SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX ANTICIPATION NOTES, SERIES 2019

The undersigned, on behalf of [NAME OF UNDERWRITER/REPRESENTATIVE] (“[SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER]”) [(the “Representative”) on behalf of itself and [NAMES OF OTHER UNDERWRITERS] (together, the “Underwriting Group”)], hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale and issuance of the above-captioned, single maturity obligations (the “Notes”).

Select appropriate provisions below

1. *[Alternative 1-Competitive Sale Rule Applies] **Reasonably Expected Initial Offering Price.***

(a) As of the Sale Date, the reasonably expected initial offering price of the Notes to the Public by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] [the Representative] is \$_____ (the “Expected Offering Price”). The Expected Offering Price is the price for the Notes used by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] [the Representative] in formulating its bid to purchase the Notes. Attached as Schedule A is a true and correct copy of the bid provided by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] [the Representative] to purchase the Notes.

(b) [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] [the Representative] was not given the opportunity to review other bids prior to submitting its bid

(c) The bid submitted by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] constituted a firm offer to purchase the Notes.

1. *[Alternative 2-Notes sold under General Rule]. **Sale of the Notes.*** As of the date of this certificate, the first price at which at least 10% of the Notes was sold to the Public is \$_____.

1. *[Alternative 3-Initial Offering Price Rule Applies] **Initial Offering Price of the Notes.***

(a) [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] [The Underwriting Group] offered the Notes to the Public for purchase at the initial offering price of \$_____ (the “Initial Offering Price”) on or before the Sale Date. A copy of the pricing wire or equivalent communication for the Notes is attached to this certificate as Schedule B.]

(b) As set forth in the Notice of Sale and bid award, [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER][the members of the Underwriting Group] [has][have] agreed in writing that, (i) [it][they] would neither offer nor sell any of the Notes to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price during the Holding Period (the “hold-the-offering-price rule”), and (ii) any selling group agreement shall contain the agreement of each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and any retail distribution agreement shall contain the agreement of each

broker-dealer who is a party to the retail distribution agreement, to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule. Pursuant to such agreement, no Underwriter (as defined below) has offered or sold the Notes at a price that is higher than the respective Initial Offering Price for the Notes during the Holding Period.

2. ***Defined Terms.***

(a) *District* means School District of Broward County Florida.

(b) *Maturity* means Notes with the same credit and payment terms. Notes with different maturity dates, or with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, would be treated as separate Maturities.

(c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term “related party” for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50 percent common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) *Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of the Notes. The Sale Date of the Notes is [SALE DATE].

(e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the District (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public).

[Use with Alternative 3

(e) *Holding Period* means the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date ([DATE]), or (ii) the date on which the [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] [the Underwriters] [has][have] sold at least 10% of the Notes to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price.]

The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] [THE REPRESENTATIVE]’s interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder. The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the District with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Arbitrage and Tax Certificate and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Notes, and by Greenberg Traurig, P.A., Note Counsel, in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Notes is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the District from time to time relating to the Notes.

Dated: [CLOSING DATE]

[UNDERWRITER]

By: *Do not sign* _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

SUMMARY NOTICE OF SALE

**[\$[PAR AMOUNT] *
SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX ANTICIPATION NOTES,
SERIES 2019**

Electronic bids will be received via Parity® by the School District of Broward Beach County, Florida (the “District”) until 11:00 A.M., Eastern Time on

[SALE DATE]

(or on such later date as may be established by the Treasurer of the District or his designee and communicated through Thomson Municipal Market Monitor not less than twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time the bids are to be received, but in no event less than ten (10) days from the date of the Official Notice of Sale) for the purchase of \$[POS AMOUNT] * aggregate principal amount of School District of Broward County, Florida Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019 (the “Notes”). To the extent any instructions or directions set forth on Parity® conflict with the Official Notice of Sale, the terms of the Official Notice of Sale shall prevail. For further information about Parity®, potential bidders may contact i-Deal LLC at 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018 or telephone (212) 849-5021. The use of Parity® shall be at the bidder’s risk and expense, and the District shall have no liability with respect thereto.

Only bids submitted through Parity® will be considered. No telephone, telefax, telegraph, mail, courier delivery or personal delivery bids will be accepted. To participate, bidders must be a contracted customer of the BiDCOMP Competitive Bidding System (the “System”). If the prospective bidder does not have a contract with the System call (212) 849-5021 to become a customer and to obtain a list of the bidding rules and procedures.

The Notes will be dated as of their date of issue, will pay interest only upon their maturity on [MATURITY DATE], and are not subject to redemption prior to their stated date of maturity. The Notes will be issued in fully-registered, book-entry-only form through a program qualified with The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, as depository; in denominations of \$5,000 each or integral multiples thereof.

The Notes and the interest thereon will be limited obligations of the District, payable from and secured by a pledge of the ad valorem taxes collected for operating purposes of the District during its fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, and amounts on deposit in the sinking fund for the Notes.

Copies of the Preliminary Official Statement, the Official Notice of Sale and the Form of Opinion of Greenberg Traurig, P.A., Miami, Florida, Note Counsel, may be obtained electronically on or after June [], 2019 from www.munios.com, or from PFM Financial Advisors LLC, Financial Advisor to the District, 300 South Orange Avenue, Suite 1170, Orlando, Florida 32801 Telephone: (407) 406-5751, Facsimile: (407) 648-1323, Email: moored@pfm.com.

**Ivan Perrone, Treasurer
School District of Broward County, Florida**

Dated: [SNOS DATE]

* Preliminary, subject to change

EXHIBIT D

FORM OF PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

[attached]

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED _____, 2019

**NEW ISSUE
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY**

**RATING: Moody's "____"
See "RATING" herein.**

In the opinion of Note Counsel, assuming the accuracy of certain certifications and continuing compliance with certain tax covenants, under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and court decisions, interest on the Notes is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Further, interest on the Notes is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein for a description of certain other federal tax consequences of ownership of the Notes. Note Counsel is further of the opinion that the Notes and the interest thereon are not subject to taxation under the laws of the State of Florida, except as to estate taxes, and taxes under Chapter 220, Florida Statutes, on interest, income or profits on debt obligations owned by corporations as defined in said Chapter 220. See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein.

\$ _____*
**School District of Broward County, Florida
Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019**

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: _____, 2020

The Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019 (the "Notes") are being issued by the School District of Broward County, Florida (the "District") to provide interim funds for the payment of operating expenses of the District for its Fiscal Year which commenced July 1, 2019 and ends June 30, 2020 (the "Current Fiscal Year"), in anticipation of the receipt of the ad valorem taxes as herein described.

The Notes and the interest thereon will be limited obligations of the District, payable from and secured by a pledge of the ad valorem taxes levied and collected for the benefit of the District during its Current Fiscal Year for operating purposes (excluding ad valorem taxes collected for other purposes) and amounts on deposit in the Sinking Fund (the "Sinking Fund") (collectively, the "Pledged Revenues"), all as defined and described in Resolution No. 19-__ authorizing their issuance (the "Resolution") adopted by The School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "Board" or the "School Board") on June 25, 2019. If necessary, the Notes are additionally payable from, but are not secured by, all legally available funds of the District derived from sources other than ad valorem taxation (the "Non-Ad Valorem Funds").

The Notes and the interest thereon do not constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of, or pledge of the faith and credit of the Board, the District, Broward County, Florida (the "County") or the State of Florida (the "State") within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provisions or limitations, but shall be payable solely from the Pledged Revenues and, if necessary, the Non-Ad Valorem Funds deposited by the District in the Sinking Fund. No holder of the Notes shall ever have the right to compel the exercise of the ad valorem taxing power of the Board, the District, the County or the State for payment of the Notes or the interest thereon, except for the Pledged Revenues for the Current Fiscal Year. The Notes and the obligation evidenced thereby shall not constitute a lien upon any property of or in the District, other than the Pledged Revenues in the manner provided and to the extent described in the Resolution.

The Notes will be issued in fully registered form in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). The Notes will be deposited with DTC, which will be responsible for maintaining a book-entry-only system for recording the interests of its participants, which, in turn, will be responsible for maintaining records with respect to beneficial ownership interests of individual purchasers of the Notes. Purchasers of the Notes (the "Beneficial Owners") will not receive physical delivery of Note certificates. As long as Cede & Co. is the

registered owner of the Notes, the Board, as Registrar and Paying Agent, will make principal and interest payments directly to Cede & Co., as registered owner. DTC will, in turn, remit such payments to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the Beneficial Owners.

The Notes are not subject to redemption prior to their maturity.

<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Initial CUSIP No.</u>
____ %	____ %	_____	_____

ELECTRONIC BIDS ONLY FOR THE NOTES PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA, UP TO 11:00 A.M. (BUT NO LATER THAN 11:00 A.M.), EASTERN TIME ON JULY [9], 2019 PURSUANT TO THE BIDCOMP PARITY® COMPETITIVE BIDDING SYSTEM. THIS PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT SHALL BE DEEMED "FINAL" BY THE DISTRICT AS OF ITS DATE FOR PURPOSES OF AND EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN OMISSIONS PERMITTED BY SEC RULE 15c2-12(b)(1).

This cover page contains certain information for quick reference only. It is not a summary of the issue. Investors must read the entire Official Statement, including the appendices, to obtain information essential to the making of an informed investment decision.

The Notes are offered when, as and if delivered subject to the approval of their legality by Greenberg Traurig, P.A., Miami, Florida, Note Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the District by Barbara J. Myrick, Esq., General Counsel to the Board. Nabors, Giblin & Nickerson, P.A., Tampa, Florida, is serving as Disclosure Counsel to the District. PFM Financial Advisors LLC, Orlando, Florida, is acting as Financial Advisor to the District. It is expected that the Notes will be available for delivery through DTC in New York, New York on or about July [24], 2019.

Dated: July __, 2019

*Preliminary, subject to change.

**SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
BOARD MEMBERS**

Heather P. Brinkworth, Chair
Donna P. Korn, Vice Chair
Lori Alhadeff
Robin Bartleman
Patricia Good
Laurie Rich Levinson
Ann Murray
Dr. Rosalind Osgood
Nora Rupert

DISTRICT OFFICIALS

Superintendent of Schools

Robert W. Runcie

Chief Financial Officer

Judith M. Marte

Task Assigned Chief Facilities Officer

MaryAnn May, Ph.D.

Treasurer

Ivan Perrone

Director of Capital Budget

Omar Shim

General Counsel

Barbara J. Myrick, Esq.

NOTE COUNSEL

Greenberg Traurig, P.A.
Miami, Florida

DISCLOSURE COUNSEL

Nabors, Giblin & Nickerson, P.A.
Tampa, Florida

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

PFM Financial Advisors LLC
Orlando, Florida

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell the Notes in any state or other jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer in such state or jurisdiction. No dealer, broker, sales representative or other person has been authorized by the District to give any information or make any representations, other than as contained in this Official Statement, in connection with the offering contained herein, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon.

The information contained in this Official Statement has been obtained from the District, the School Board, The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and other sources that are considered to be reliable and, while not guaranteed as to completeness or accuracy, is believed to be correct. However, the information related to DTC is not to be construed as a representation of the District, the Board, the Financial Advisor, Note Counsel or Disclosure Counsel and the information related to the District and the Board is not to be construed as a representation of the Financial Advisor or the Underwriter. Any statements in this Official Statement involving estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion, whether or not so expressly stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact, and the District, the Board, the Financial Advisor and the Underwriter expressly make no representations that such estimates, assumptions and opinions will be realized or fulfilled. Any website addresses set forth herein are included for convenience of reference only. Information available at such addresses is not incorporated herein by reference.

Any information, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion contained in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement, nor any sale made hereunder, shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or the Board since the date hereof or the earliest date as of which such information was given.

UPON ISSUANCE, THE NOTES WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, OR ANY STATE SECURITIES LAW, AND WILL NOT BE LISTED ON ANY STOCK OR OTHER SECURITIES EXCHANGE. NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY OTHER INDEPENDENT FEDERAL, STATE OR GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR AGENCY WILL HAVE PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT OR APPROVED THE NOTES FOR SALE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY MAY BE A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

CERTAIN STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT REFLECT NOT HISTORICAL FACTS BUT FORECASTS AND "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS." IN THIS RESPECT, THE WORDS "ESTIMATE," "PROJECT," "ANTICIPATE," "EXPECT," "INTEND," "BELIEVE" AND SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. ALL PROJECTIONS, FORECASTS, ASSUMPTIONS, EXPRESSIONS OF OPINIONS, ESTIMATES AND OTHER FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE EXPRESSLY QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY THE CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS SET FORTH IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE DISTRICT, THE BOARD OR THE UNDERWRITER AND ANY ONE OR MORE HOLDERS OF THE NOTES.

All summaries herein of documents and agreements are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements, and all summaries herein of the Notes are qualified in their entirety by reference to the form thereof included in the aforesaid documents and agreements.

THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT IS BEING PROVIDED TO PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS EITHER IN BOUND PRINTED FORM ("ORIGINAL BOUND FORMAT") OR IN ELECTRONIC FORMAT ON THE FOLLOWING WEBSITES: WWW.MUNIOS.COM AND WWW.EMMA.MSRB.ORG. THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT SHOULD BE RELIED UPON ONLY IF IT IS IN ITS ORIGINAL BOUND FORMAT OR AS PRINTED IN ITS ENTIRETY DIRECTLY FROM SUCH WEBSITES.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT	8
PURPOSE OF THE NOTES	8
SECURITY FOR THE NOTES.....	8
General	8
The Sinking Fund	9
Permitted Investments	10
Defeasance.....	10
DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES	10
General	10
No Redemption.....	11
Book-Entry Provisions	11
THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY	13
The District.....	13
Statistical Data.....	14
Accreditation	14
The School Board.....	14
Administration.....	15
Employee Relations.....	17
Florida Retirement System	18
Other Post-Employment Benefits.....	21
Indebtedness	22
Budgetary Process	24
State Budget	24
General Fund Revenue Sources.....	25
General Fund Legislation	29
AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES	32
Property Assessment	32
Procedure for Property Assessment.....	33
Setting the Millage	33
Truth in Millage Bill.....	34
Historical and Current Millages	35
Procedures for Tax Collection and Distribution.....	35
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	36
Ad Valorem Tax Levies and Collections	37
Principal Taxpayers.....	38
Recent Legislative Initiatives and Constitutional Amendments Affecting Ad Valorem Taxes	38
RECENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES.....	43
General	43
Legislative Changes Relating to School Choice.....	43
Schools of Hope	44
Public Safety Mandate.....	45
Constitutional Amendments Relating to Class Size Reduction.....	45
LITIGATION.....	46
TAX EXEMPTION	46
Possibility of Future Changes in Tax Law	47
Tax Treatment of Note Premium.....	47
Information Reporting and Backup Withholding.....	48
APPROVAL OF LEGALITY.....	48
DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY FLORIDA BLUE SKY REGULATIONS.....	48

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS	49
RATING	49
FINANCIAL ADVISOR	49
NOTEHOLDERS' RISKS.....	49
UNDERWRITING	50
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE.....	50
MISCELLANEOUS	51
AUTHORIZATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT	52

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A:	GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
APPENDIX B:	EXERPTED PAGES FROM THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
APPENDIX C:	FORM OF NOTE COUNSEL OPINION
APPENDIX D:	AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION
APPENDIX E:	FORM OF MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICE CERTIFICATE

OFFICIAL STATEMENT
\$ _____*
SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX ANTICIPATION NOTES, SERIES 2019

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page, inside cover and the appendices hereto, is to provide information concerning the School District of Broward County, Florida (the "District") and its \$ _____* aggregate principal amount of Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019 (the "Notes"). Capitalized terms used, but not otherwise defined herein, shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Resolution (as defined under "PURPOSE OF THE NOTES" below) included as "APPENDIX D – AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION" hereto.

The references, excerpts and summaries of all documents referred to herein do not purport to be complete statements of the provisions of such documents, and reference is made to all such documents for full and complete statements of all matters of fact relating to the Notes, the security for the payment of the Notes and the rights and obligations of holders thereof.

The information contained in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized. This Official Statement is a disclosure document and does not constitute a contract with the holders of the Notes.

PURPOSE OF THE NOTES

The Notes are being issued pursuant to Section 1011.13, Florida Statutes and other applicable provisions of law, and Resolution No. 19-__ of The School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "Board" or the "School Board"), as the governing body of the District, duly adopted on June 25, 2019 (the "Resolution") attached hereto as Appendix D. The proceeds from the sale of the Notes will be used by the District first to pay the costs of preparation and issuance of the Notes, to the extent not paid from other legally available funds of the District. The remaining proceeds from the sale of the Notes will be used by the District to provide interim funds for the payment of lawful current operating expenses of the District incurred during its Fiscal Year which commenced July 1, 2019 and ends June 30, 2020 (the "Current Fiscal Year"), in anticipation of the receipt of the ad valorem taxes levied and collected for operating purposes for the Current Fiscal Year. See "APPENDIX D – AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION."

SECURITY FOR THE NOTES

General

The Notes and interest thereon will be special, limited obligations of the District, payable solely from and secured by (a) gross, real, and tangible personal property ad valorem tax receipts collected by the Broward County Tax Collector for the benefit of the District during the Current Fiscal Year, but only to the extent such tax receipts are for operating purposes (excluding ad valorem taxes collected to pay the

* Preliminary, subject to change.

principal of and interest on bonds of the District issued pursuant to Sections 1010.40 – 1010.55, Florida Statutes, or to pay the principal of and interest on any obligations issued by the District pursuant to Section 1011.14, Florida Statutes; or otherwise levied pursuant to Section 1011.71(2), Florida Statutes), and (b) amounts on deposit in the Sinking Fund established pursuant to the Resolution (collectively, the "Pledged Revenues"). If necessary, the Notes are additionally payable from, but are not secured by, all legally available funds of the District derived from sources other than ad valorem taxation (the "Non-Ad Valorem Funds").

The Notes and the interest thereon shall not constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of, or pledge of the faith and credit of, the Board, the District, Broward County, Florida (the "County") or the State of Florida (the "State") within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision or limitation. The Notes and the interest thereon are payable from and secured by a pledge of the Pledged Revenues and, if necessary, are additionally payable from, but are not secured by, the Non-Ad Valorem Funds in the manner provided and to the extent described in the Resolution.

NO HOLDER OF ANY OF THE NOTES SHALL EVER HAVE THE RIGHT TO COMPEL THE EXERCISE OF THE AD VALOREM TAXING POWER OF THE BOARD, THE DISTRICT, THE COUNTY, THE STATE OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OR AGENCY THEREOF, OR TAXATION IN ANY FORM ON ANY REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY THEREIN, TO PAY SUCH NOTES OR INTEREST THEREON, EXCEPT FOR THE PLEDGED REVENUES OF THE DISTRICT FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR. THE NOTES AND THE OBLIGATION EVIDENCED THEREBY SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A LIEN UPON ANY PROPERTY OF OR IN THE DISTRICT, OTHER THAN THE LEVY WITH RESPECT TO THE PLEDGED REVENUES IN THE MANNER AND TO THE EXTENT DESCRIBED IN THE RESOLUTION.

The Sinking Fund

Pursuant to the Resolution, the District has established a fund designated the "Sinking Fund." The District will make or cause to be made deposits of the Pledged Revenues and, if necessary, Non-Ad Valorem Funds, into the Sinking Fund to ensure the payment of the principal of and interest on the Notes at maturity.

The Sinking Fund will be held by the District as a separate special account for the benefit of the Noteholders; provided, however, that the cash required to be accounted for therein may be pooled with other moneys of the District so long as adequate accounting records are maintained to reflect and control the restricted purposes of such Sinking Fund money. The moneys and investments in the Sinking Fund will be held in trust by the District for the sole benefit of the Noteholders, and pursuant to the Resolution, the Noteholders are granted an express lien on the money and/or investments held in the Sinking Fund. Noteholders will have no lien upon any portion of the Pledged Revenues from sources constituting Non-Ad Valorem Funds unless and until such funds are deposited into the Sinking Fund.

The District covenants that it will deposit sufficient money or Permitted Investments into the Sinking Fund no later than twenty-one (21) days prior to the maturity date of the Notes, or the first business day thereafter, so that the balance on deposit therein, together with the earnings to be received thereon, if any, will equal the amount of principal and interest becoming due on the Notes at maturity.

Funds in the Sinking Fund may be invested only in Permitted Investments that mature on or prior to the maturity date of the Notes. Earnings on investments held in the Sinking Fund shall be retained and reinvested in the Sinking Fund until the amount on deposit in the Sinking Fund, together with the earnings to be received thereon, is equal to all principal of and interest on the Notes due at their maturity. Thereafter, such earnings may be withdrawn by the District and used in the District's discretion as

provided by law. Realized losses, if any, on investments held in the Sinking Fund will be restored by the District by deposit of additional Pledged Revenues or Non-Ad Valorem Funds into the Sinking Fund on or prior to the maturity date of the Notes.

The proceeds of the Notes, including investment proceeds and accrued interest, if any, are not pledged as security for payment of principal of and interest on the Notes and will be expended by the District to pay the obligations created by the District in accordance with its budget for the Current Fiscal Year. The Noteholders will have no responsibility for use of the proceeds of the Notes, and the use of such proceeds by the District will in no way affect the rights of such Noteholders.

Permitted Investments

The Board is authorized to invest the amount on deposit in the Sinking Fund in investments legal for District moneys as set forth in Sections 1010.53(2) and 218.415, Florida Statutes, as amended from time to time pursuant to Board policy.

Defeasance

If at any time the District will have paid, or will have made provision for the full payment of, all of the principal of and interest becoming due on the Notes at maturity, then, and in that event, the pledge of and lien on the Pledged Revenues in favor of the holders of the Notes will no longer be in effect and the Notes will no longer be deemed to be outstanding and unpaid for the purposes of the Resolution. For purposes of the preceding sentence, deposit, in irrevocable trust, with a bank or trust company for the sole benefit of the Noteholders, of sufficient Permitted Investments or any other securities or investments which may be authorized by law from time to time and sufficient under such law to effect such a defeasance, the principal of which, together with the earnings to be received thereon, will be sufficient to make timely payment of the principal of and interest on the Notes, will constitute provision for payment. For purposes of defeasance, "Permitted Investments" will mean direct obligations of, or obligations the timely payment of principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

General

The Notes are authorized to be issued pursuant to Section 1011.13, Florida Statutes, and other applicable provisions of law, and the Resolution. The Notes will be dated the date of delivery (currently expected to be July [24], 2019) and will bear interest from such date at the rate specified on the cover page of this Official Statement, calculated on a 360-day year basis, comprised of twelve 30-day months. Both the principal of and interest on the Notes will be payable at maturity upon presentation and surrender thereof at the principal office of the Board, in its capacity as Registrar and Paying Agent.

The Notes are issuable as fully-registered notes in book-entry-only form and shall initially be issued in the form of one fully registered Note and shall be held in such form until maturity. Individuals may purchase beneficial interests in the amount of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof in book-entry-only form, without certificated Notes, through the DTC Participants and Indirect Participants. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES – Book-Entry Provisions" below.

No Redemption

The Notes are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Book-Entry Provisions

THE INFORMATION IN THIS SECTION CONCERNING DTC AND DTC'S BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM SOURCES THAT THE DISTRICT BELIEVES TO BE RELIABLE, BUT THE DISTRICT TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY THEREOF.

The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC") will act as securities depository for the Notes. The Notes will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Note certificate will be issued for the Notes in the aggregate principal amount of the Notes and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers, dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard and Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Notes under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Notes on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Note ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Notes deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be

requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Notes are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the Notes may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Notes, such as defaults and proposed amendments to the documents securing the Notes. For example, Beneficial Owners of the Notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and request that copies of notices are provided directly to them.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Notes unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Money Market Instrument (MMI) Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payments with respect to the Notes will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or Paying Agent, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC (nor its nominee), the Paying Agent or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payments with respect to the Notes to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Paying Agent or the District, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

NEITHER THE BOARD NOR THE DISTRICT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO THE PARTICIPANTS OR THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS WITH RESPECT TO (1) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT, (2) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST ON THE NOTES, (3) THE DELIVERY BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN TO NOTEHOLDERS UNDER THE TERMS OF THE RESOLUTION, OR (4) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY CEDE & CO., AS THE NOMINEE OF DTC, AS REGISTERED OWNER. SO LONG AS CEDE & CO. IS THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE NOTES, AS NOMINEE OF DTC, REFERENCES IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT TO THE NOTEHOLDERS OR REGISTERED OWNERS OF THE NOTES

(OTHER THAN UNDER THE CAPTION "TAX EXEMPTION" HEREIN) SHALL MEAN CEDE & CO. AND SHALL NOT MEAN THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE NOTES.

Neither the Board nor the District can give any assurances that DTC Participants, Indirect Participants or others will distribute payments of debt service on the Notes made to DTC or its nominee as the registered owner, or any notices to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or that DTC will service or act in a manner described in this Official Statement.

For every transfer and exchange of beneficial interests in the Notes, the Beneficial Owner may be charged a sum sufficient to cover any tax, fee or other government charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Notes at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Note certificates are required to be printed and delivered. In addition, the District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Note certificates will be printed and delivered.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY

The District

Established in 1915, the District is organized under Section 4, Article IX of the Constitution of the State of Florida and Chapter 1001, Florida Statutes. The District covers the same geographic area as the County and provides elementary, secondary and vocational educational services to the unincorporated areas of the County and all of the 31 incorporated municipalities within the County, the largest of which is the City of Fort Lauderdale. As of September 11, 2018, the District served 270,550 students (including charter school students) and approximately 175,000 adult students in 234 schools, education centers and technical colleges and 88 charter schools. The District is the County's largest single employer. As of December 5, 2018, the District had approximately 27,645 permanent employees, including over 15,477 classroom instructors.

Management of the District is independent of the County government and local governments within the County. The District is part of the State system of public education operated under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education. The District is governed by the School Board, which consists of nine elected members. The Superintendent of Schools is appointed by the members of the School Board and serves as the executive officer of the District. The District has taxing authority, as more fully described herein under "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES" herein. The County Tax Collector collects ad valorem taxes for the District, but the County exercises no control over expenditures by the District. Additional information concerning the County is contained in "APPENDIX A – GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA" hereto.

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Statistical Data

The following tables present a statistical overview of the District's enrollment profiles and data regarding the District's public school facilities.

Profile of Student Enrollments⁽¹⁾

	Fiscal Year 2014-15	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19 ⁽²⁾
Pre-Kindergarten to Grade 3	70,562	69,619	69,812	68,952	68,154
Grades 4-8	80,064	80,192	80,330	81,696	81,672
Grades 9-12	69,393	70,468	70,404	70,686	70,358
Centers	5,330	5,275	5,194	5,090	4,447
Total	225,349	225,554	225,740	226,424	224,631

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The School Board of Broward County, Florida for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

(1) Excludes charter school enrollment.

(2) Demographics and Student Assignments Department: September 11, 2018 student enrollment from TERMS.

School Facilities⁽¹⁾

	Fiscal Year 2014-15	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19
Elementary	137	137	136	136	136
Middle	40	40	38	37	37
High	33	33	33	33	33
Others ⁽²⁾	28	28	29	28	28
Total	238	238	236	234	234

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The School Board of Broward County, Florida for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018. Fiscal Year 2018-19 data provided by Broward County Public Schools Assessment and Research Department.

(1) Excludes charter schools. There were 88 charter schools located within the District for Fiscal Year 2018-19.

(2) Adult/vocational schools, exceptional centers and combination schools which serve multiple levels.

Accreditation

All non-charter public schools in the District are fully accredited by AdvancEd, formerly the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. The District is the second largest fully accredited school district in the nation and is Florida's first fully accredited school system since 1962.

The School Board

The School Board is a public body corporate existing under the laws of the State, particularly Section 1001.40, Florida Statutes, and is the governing body of the District. The School Board consists of nine members, two of whom are elected by countywide vote and seven of whom are elected from single member districts, for overlapping four-year terms. Under existing statutes, the School Board's duties and

powers include the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property within the District; the development and adoption of a school program for the District; the establishment, organization and operation of schools, including vocational and evening schools and programs for gifted students, handicapped students, including students in residential care facilities; the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension and dismissal of employees; the establishment of courses of study and the provision of adequate instructional aids; and the establishment of a system to transport students to school or school-related activities.

The School Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, the adoption of the school tax millage levy, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls. Accounting reports and the annual budget must be filed with the State Department of Education.

The Chair of the School Board is elected by the members of the School Board annually. The Superintendent of Schools (the "Superintendent") is the ex-officio Secretary of the School Board. The present members of the School Board, any applicable offices and the expiration of their terms are as follows:

Name/Office	Initial Term Commencing November	Current Term Expires November
Heather P. Brinkworth, Chair	2014	2020
Donna P. Korn, Vice Chair	2011	2022
Lori Alhadeff	2018	2022
Robin Bartleman	2004	2020
Patricia Good	2010	2020
Laurie Rich Levinson	2010	2022
Ann Murray	2008	2022
Dr. Rosalind Osgood	2012	2020
Nora Rupert	2010	2022

Administration

The Chief Executive Officer of the District is the Superintendent, who is appointed by the School Board. The Superintendent's powers and duties include keeping the records of the School Board, acting as custodian for District property, preparing long-term and annual school programs, directing the work of District personnel, making policy recommendations to the School Board in the areas of child welfare, pupil transportation, school plant and District finance, and performing the additional duties assigned to him by law and the regulations of the State Department of Education.

Set forth below are biographical descriptions of the Superintendent and certain other administrative personnel of the District:

Robert W. Runcie was sworn in as Superintendent on October 5, 2011 and became the 19th permanent leader in the history of the District. Mr. Runcie began his career as a staff consultant for Arthur Andersen (now Accenture) in 1984. He was the founder and President of Advanced Data Concepts from 1998 to 2003. Mr. Runcie served Chicago Public Schools from 2003 to 2009 as Chief Information Officer, from 2009 to 2011 as Chief Administrative Officer, and his last position there was as Chief Area Instructional Officer. Mr. Runcie is a graduate of the Superintendent's Academy of the Broad Center for the Management of School Systems, 2009. He has a Master's of Management from Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University, 1991, and Bachelor of Arts, Economics, Harvard College, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1984.

Judith M. Marte joined the District in June 2017 as Chief Financial Officer after serving in the same position at Miami-Dade Public Schools ("MDPS") for three years. Over the course of her 15 year career with MDPS, Mrs. Marte held numerous positions including CFO, Deputy CFO and Chief Budget Officer. Prior to relocating to South Florida, she was the CFO for the Lawrence Public Schools in Massachusetts for 13 years. Mrs. Marte received a Master in Business Administration from the University of New Hampshire in 1990 and a Bachelor of Science from Merrimack College in North Andover, Massachusetts. In 2016, she was the recipient of the Bill Wise Award from the Council of Great City Schools for her dedication and contribution to Urban Education. Mrs. Marte is a mentor for the Executive Education Program with the Council of Great City Schools and has been a speaker/presenter at their annual CFO conference for over a decade. In addition, she is active with the Government Finance Officers Association and spoke at their annual conference in Denver in 2016.

Ivan Perrone joined the District in 2006 as Treasury Manager, responsible for the day-to-day operation of the Treasurer's Office ensuring adequate cash liquidity in order to match liabilities and invest surplus funds to anticipated cash flow needs. The Superintendent appointed Mr. Perrone to the position of Acting Treasurer in 2013 and to the position of Treasurer in May 2015, where he is now responsible for the management of the District's cash and investment portfolio, in addition to banking and debt administration functions. Prior to joining the District, Mr. Perrone was a Financial Analyst for Siemens Real Estate in Boca Raton, Florida. Prior to Siemens, Mr. Perrone was Controller for the City of North Lauderdale, Florida. Mr. Perrone was both a Financial Analyst I (supporting Canada Technologies) and a Financial Systems Analyst (supporting American Express Technologies) during his time at American Express, Florida. Prior to American Express, Mr. Perrone was the Interim Treasurer for the City of Tamarac, Florida. Mr. Perrone received a Bachelor of Business Administration Degree from Pace University, New York. He is a member of Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Florida Government Finance Officers Association, South Florida Government Finance Officers and City Clerks Association and Association of Public Treasurers of the United States and Canada.

Omar Shim is the Director of Capital Budget for the District. Mr. Shim began his career in the District in 2000 as a Capital Scheduling and Claims Analyst, then was promoted to Director of Quality Assurance and Assistant to Comptroller in 2003. In 2005, he was appointed as Special Assigned Director of Capital Budget and took over the position permanently in 2006. In that capacity, he oversees the District's capital budget and facilitates the process of developing the District Educational Facilities Plan. Mr. Shim graduated from Florida Atlantic University and is a member of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Florida School Finance Officers Association.

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Employee Relations

General

As of December 5, 2018, the Board employed approximately 27,645 persons (full and part-time), the majority of which are represented by collective bargaining agents. The employee groups, bargaining agents/meet and confer groups and the current union contract expiration dates are set forth in the table below:

<u>Employee Group</u>	<u>Bargaining Agents/ Meet and Confer Groups</u>	<u>Contract Expiration⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Status of Negotiations</u>
Teachers	Broward Teachers Union ("BTU") – Teachers Contract	August 15, 2022 ⁽²⁾	Settled for 2018- 2019 School Year
Education Support Professionals	BTU – Educational Support Professionals	June 30, 2020 ⁽²⁾	Negotiations Completed for 2018-2019 School Year
Technical Support Professionals	BTU – Technical Support Professionals	June 30, 2021 ⁽²⁾	Negotiations Completed for 2018-2019 School Year
Clerical	Federation of Public Employees ("FOPE")	June 30, 2020 ⁽²⁾	Negotiations Completed for 2018-2019 School Year
Maintenance, Facilities, Transportation, Security Specialists, Campus Monitors	FOPE	June 30, 2020 ⁽²⁾	Negotiations Completed for 2018-2019 School Year
Food Service	FOPE	August 14, 2020 ⁽²⁾	Negotiations Completed for 2018-2019 School Year
SIU Investigators	Police Benevolent Association	June 30, 2020 ⁽²⁾	Negotiations Completed for 2018-2019 School Year
Clerical Confidential	Confidential Office Personnel Association	N/A	N/A
Assistant Principals and Principals	Broward Principals and Assistants Association	N/A	N/A
Educational Support and Management Administrators	Educational Support & Management Association of Broward, Inc.	N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Note: When a contract has expired, Florida law requires operating under the expired contract until a new contract has been negotiated and approved.

⁽²⁾ With re-openers each year.

Source: The District.

Florida Retirement System

The District participates in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS"), a cost sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system, which covers substantially all regular employees of the District. Beginning in 2002, the FRS became one system with two primary plans, a defined benefit pension plan (the "FRS Pension Plan") and a defined contribution plan known as the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program (the "FRS Investment Plan"). FRS membership is required for all employees filling a regularly established position in a State agency, district school board, county, State university or State community college. Some municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations also choose to participate in the FRS; however, participation is generally irrevocable after the entity elects to participate.

The information relating to the FRS contained herein has been obtained from the FRS Annual Report for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2018, which is available by writing to the Division of Retirement, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, by phoning (850) 488-5706 or visiting the following website: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications/annual_reports. No representation is made by the Board as to the accuracy or adequacy of such information or that there has not been any material adverse change in such information subsequent to the date of such information.

There are five general classes of membership in the FRS: (1) Senior Management Service Class ("SMSC") members which include, among others, senior management level positions in State and local governments (including school districts) and assistant state attorneys, prosecutors and public defenders; (2) Special Risk Class which includes, among others, positions such as law enforcement officers, firefighters, correctional officers, emergency medical technicians and paramedics; (3) Special Risk Administrative Support Class which include, among others, non-special risk law enforcement, firefighting, emergency medical care or correctional administrative support positions within a FRS special risk-employing agency; (4) Elected Officers' Class ("EOC") which includes members who are elected State and city officers and the elected officers of cities and special districts that choose to place their officials in this class; and (5) Regular Class members includes members that do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

The FRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public-employee retirement system with two primary plans. The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement administers the FRS Pension Plan and the Florida State Board of Administration (the "SBA") invests the assets of the FRS Pension Plan held in the FRS Trust Fund. Administration costs of the FRS Pension Plan are funded through investment earnings of the FRS Trust Fund. Reporting of the FRS is on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the obligation is incurred.

The SBA administers the FRS Investment Plan, a defined contribution plan available to eligible FRS members as an alternative to the FRS Pension Plan. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Regardless of membership class, FRS Investment Plan contributions vest after one year of service. A member vests immediately in all employee contributions paid to the FRS Investment Plan. If a member elects to transfer amounts from the FRS Pension Plan to that member's FRS Investment Plan account, the member must meet the eight-year vesting requirement (or six-year vesting requirement if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) for any such transferred funds and associated earnings. The FRS Investment Plan is funded by employer contributions that are based on salary. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Administration costs of the FRS Investment Plan are funded through a 0.06% employer contribution and forfeited benefits. After

termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the FRS Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, or leave the funds invested for future distribution. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the FRS Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Since July 1, 2001, the FRS Pension Plan has provided for vesting of benefits after six years of creditable service. Members not actively working in a position covered by the FRS on July 1, 2001, must return to covered employment for up to one work year to be eligible to vest with less service than was required under the law in effect before July 1, 2001. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2011, vest after six years of service. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, vest after eight years of creditable service. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the various plan requirements applicable to each class of membership. Regardless of class, a member may take early retirement any time after vesting within 20 years of normal retirement age; however, there is a five percent benefit reduction for each year prior to normal retirement age.

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, creditable years of service, and accrual value by membership class. Members are also eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. Pension benefits of retirees and annuitants are increased each July 1 by a cost-of-living adjustment. If the member was initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Effective July 1, 2011, all members of FRS were required to contribute 3% of their gross compensation toward their retirement. In addition, the legislation reduced the required employer contribution rates for each membership class and subclass of the FRS.

Additional legislative changes that only apply to employees who initially enroll on or after July 1, 2011, include: (1) the average final compensation upon which retirement benefits are calculated are based on the eight highest (formerly five highest) fiscal years of compensation prior to retirement; (2) the DROP (as defined herein) is maintained but the interest accrual rate is reduced from 6.5% to 1.3%; (3) the normal retirement age is increased from 62 to 65; and (4) the years of creditable service is increased from 30 to 33 and the vesting period is increased to eight years (formerly six).

Subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, the Defined Retirement Option Program (the "DROP") permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months while the member's benefits accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund. Authorized instructional personnel may participate in the DROP for up to 36 additional months beyond their initial 60-month participation period. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. As of June 30, 2018, the FRS Trust Fund held \$2,432,971,600 in accumulated benefits and interest for 36,001 DROP participants. Of those 36,001 DROP Participants, 34,173 were active in DROP with balances totaling \$2,185,360,679. The remaining participants were no longer active in the DROP and had balances totaling \$247,610,920 to be processed after June 30, 2018.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS") Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Department of Management Services. Beginning July 1, 2002, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of creditable service completed at the time of retirement multiplied by \$5. The payments are at least \$30 but not more than \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. Beginning July 1, 2015, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. HIS contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, the legislature may reduce or cancel HIS payments.

Participating employers must comply with the statutory contribution requirements. Section 121.031(3), Florida Statutes, requires an annual actuarial valuation of the FRS Pension Plan, which is provided to the Florida Legislature as guidance for funding decisions. Employer contribution rates under the uniform rate structure (a blending of both the FRS Pension Plan and FRS Investment Plan rates) are recommended by the actuary but set by the Florida Legislature. Statutes require that any unfunded actuarial liability ("UAL") be amortized within 30 plan years and any surplus amounts available to offset total retirement system costs are to be amortized over a 10-year rolling period on a level-dollar basis. The balance of legally required reserves at June 30, 2018 was \$161,196,880,609. These funds were reserved to provide for total current and future benefits, refunds and administration of the FRS Pension Plan.

The District's liability for participation is limited to the payment of the required contribution at the rates and frequencies established by law on future payrolls of the District. The District's contributions for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018, totaled \$140.6 million and \$149.6 million, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each Fiscal Year. This includes the HIS Program and Investment Plan contributions.

As a participating employer in the FRS, the District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27)* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date (an amendment to GASB Statement No. 68)*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The implementation of these Statements requires the District to record a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the FRS plans.

The scope of GASB Statements Nos. 68 and 71 address accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to employees of state and local governmental employers that meet certain characteristics. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions such as the FRS plans, GASB Statements Nos. 68 and 71 identify methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Pursuant to these Statements, the District is required to record a liability for its proportionate share of pension liabilities as reported by the FRS plans. While these Statements require recognition and disclosure of the unfunded pension liability, there is no requirement that such liability be funded. Accordingly, a deficit in unrestricted net position should not be

considered, solely, as evidence of financial difficulties. The adoption of GASB Statements Nos. 68 and 71 resulted in a material increase in the District's liabilities and a material decrease in the District's net position. As a result of GASB Statement No. 68, the District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the FRS Pension Plan totaled \$860.6 million at June 30, 2018. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined an actuarial valuation as of that June 30, 2017. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's fiscal year contributions relative to the fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 2.91%, which was an increase of 0.16% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

As of June 30, 2018, the District reported a net pension liability of \$442.5 million for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, with update procedures being used to determine liabilities as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's fiscal year contributions relative to the total fiscal year contributions of all participating members. As of June 30, 2017, the District's proportionate share was 4.14%, which was an increase of 0.18% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016. See APPENDIX B hereto, including the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Note 16 to the Basic Financial Statements and the Required Supplementary Information, for additional information relating to the District's implementation of GASB Statements Nos. 68 and 71.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to its contributions under the State's retirement plan described above, the District provides other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") for certain of its retired employees in the form of an implicit rate subsidy by providing access to health insurance plans. The offering of this health insurance coverage is required by Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes. In addition, retirees are eligible to continue the District-sponsored term life insurance policy provided by the District.

In June 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* ("GASB No. 75"), which was adopted by the District for the year ended June 30, 2018. GASB No. 75 addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB provided to employees of state and local government employers; establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses; requires governments to report a liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses on the face of the financial statement for the OPEB that they provide; and requires more extensive note disclosures and supplementary information about their OPEB liability. The beginning net position of the District was decreased by \$93.8 million due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. The District's total OPEB liability reported at June 30, 2017 increased by \$93.77 million to \$180.8 million as of July 1, 2017, due to the transition in the valuation methods under GASB Statement No. 45 to GASB Statement No. 75, and beginning balances for deferred outflows/inflows of resources were not restated.

The District has historically accounted for its OPEB contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis and the District currently plans to continue such pay-as-you-go funding of its OPEB contributions. As of the valuation date, January 1, 2017, there were approximately 25,190 active participants and 990 inactive participants (retirees and beneficiaries) of the District receiving post-employment benefits. The District provided required employer contributions toward the annual OPEB cost in the amount of \$7.3 million. The pay-as-you-go method of funding OPEB allows the District to continue to pay only the current OPEB

costs each Fiscal Year, but will produce a growing unfunded actuarial liability for the future. The net OPEB obligation was \$174.2 million at the end of Fiscal Year 2017-2018.

Below are the details regarding the total OPEB liability from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance Recognized at 06/30/2017, as Restated	\$ 180,753
Changes for the Fiscal Year:	
Service Cost	\$ 9,696
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	5,454
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs	(14,423)
Benefit Payments	(7,298)
Net Changes	(6,571)
Balance at 06/30/2018	\$ 174,182

Changes of assumptions and other inputs include the change in the discount rate from 2.92 percent as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.56 percent as of June 30, 2018.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The School Board of Broward County, Florida for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

For additional information, see Notes 1.P., 1.R., 15 and Required Supplemental Information of "APPENDIX B - EXCERPTED PAGES FROM THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018" hereto.

Indebtedness

Set forth below is selected information regarding outstanding debt of the District. For more detailed financial information concerning the District, see "APPENDIX B – EXERPTED PAGES FROM THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018."

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**School District of Broward County, Florida - Outstanding Long-Term Debt
As of June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)**

<u>Description</u>	<u>Principal Amount Outstanding⁽⁴⁾</u>
Self-Supporting State Bonds:⁽¹⁾	
State Board of Education Capital Outlay Bonds, Series 2009-A (New Money)	\$ 825,000
State Board of Education Capital Outlay Bonds, Series 2009-A (Refunding)	330,000
State Board of Education Capital Outlay Bonds, Series 2010-A (Refunding)	3,380,000
State Board of Education Capital Outlay Bonds, Series 2011-A (Refunding)	3,690,000
State Board of Education Capital Outlay Bonds, Series 2014-B (Refunding)	115,000
State Board of Education Capital Outlay Bonds, Series 2017-A	3,346,000
Sub-Total State Board Bonds	\$ 11,686,000
General Obligation Bonds ⁽²⁾	
Series 2015 Bonds	\$ 144,430,000
Sub-Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 144,430,000
Certificates of Participation:⁽³⁾	
Series 2004 Certificates (QZAB)	\$ 160,000
Series 2009A Certificates (QSCB)	28,179,000
Series 2010A Certificates (QSCB)	46,481,000
Series 2011A Certificates	79,240,000
Series 2012A Certificates	127,490,000
Series 2014A Certificates	113,825,000
Series 2015A Certificates	252,360,000
Series 2015B Certificates	170,805,000
Series 2015C Certificates	65,000,000
Series 2016A Certificates	198,205,000
Series 2016B Certificates	18,735,000
Series 2017A Certificates	30,293,000
Series 2017B Certificates	56,300,000
Series 2017C Certificates	151,230,000
Sub-Total Certificates of Participation	\$1,338,303,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING	\$1,494,419,000

⁽¹⁾ Bonds are issued by the State Board of Education on behalf of the District and are secured by a pledge of the District's portion of the State assessed motor vehicle license tax, as well as a pledge of the State's full faith and credit.

⁽²⁾ The issuance of the general obligation bonds was approved by the qualified electors of the District at a referendum held on November 4, 2014. The bonds are secured by a lien and a pledge of proceeds of the levy and collection of ad valorem school district taxes on all taxable real and personal property, excluding homestead exemption as required by Florida law, without limitation as to rate or amount. On February 13, 2019, the District issued \$174,750,000 aggregate principal amount of its General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2019.

⁽³⁾ Subject to annual appropriation.

⁽⁴⁾ Rounded to nearest thousand.

Source: The School District of Broward County, Florida.

Budgetary Process

Florida law requires the School Board to adopt in each fiscal year a tentative budget and a final budget, each of which is required to be balanced with available funds. Revenues derived from ad valorem property taxes are budgeted, as required by Florida law, on the application of millage levies to 96% of the non-exempt assessed valuation of property in Broward County.

The Superintendent is responsible for recommending the tentative budget to the School Board. Florida law further requires the School Board to advertise its intent to adopt the tentative budget, including a proposed tax millage, within 29 days after certification of taxable property by the Property Appraiser of Broward County (the "County Property Appraiser"), which is required by law to occur by July 1, unless extended.

The School Board is required to hold a public hearing on the tentative budget and the proposed tax millage within five days, but not earlier than two days, after advertisement. At the hearing, the School Board adopts a tentative budget and a resolution stating the millage rate to be levied, and sets the date for the public hearing on the final budget. Following the hearing on the tentative budget, all property owners are notified by the County Property Appraiser, usually in mid-August, of the date, time and place of the hearing on the final budget; the proposed millage rate; and the millage rate which would have had to be levied to raise the same ad valorem property tax revenue as was raised in the preceding year.

A public hearing and adoption of the final budget and tax millage are required within 80 days, but not earlier than 65 days, after the taxable property certification by the County Property Appraiser. This public hearing usually occurs early in September. The final public hearing for adoption of the Fiscal Year 2018-2019 budget was held on September 5, 2018. The tentative budget for the 2019-2020 Fiscal Year is expected to be adopted by the School Board on July __, 2019, with a final budget hearing on September __, 2019.

In no event may the millage rate adopted at the final budget hearing exceed the millage rate adopted at the tentative budget hearing unless each taxpayer within the District is sent notice by mail of the taxes under the tentative adopted millage rate and the taxes under the higher rate to be adopted at the final budget hearing. The final budget is submitted to the Department of Education of the State of Florida. After the final budget hearing, the School Board must certify the final millage rate to the County Tax Collector, the County Property Appraiser and the State Department of Revenue.

State Budget

A large portion of the District's funding is derived from State sources. A significantly large percentage of such State revenues is generated from the levy of the State sales tax. The amounts budgeted for distribution from the State to the District are subject to change in the event that projected revenues are not realized.

On May 4, 2019, the Florida Legislature adopted a State education budget for State fiscal year 2019-2020 providing for an approximately \$687.6 million or 4.20% increase in State and local FEFP funding for K-12 public schools over State fiscal year 2018-2019 reflecting a per-pupil increase of approximately \$243 per student or 3.27% over fiscal year 2018-2019. The estimated increase for the District is approximately \$53.9 million in State and local FEFP funds over fiscal year 2018-2019. However, there can be no assurance that funding for K-12 public schools will increase exactly as provided for in the approved budget. See also, "RECENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES" herein.

General Fund Revenue Sources

General

The District derives its operating income from a variety of federal, State and local sources. The major categories of income sources for the operating funds of the District are briefly described below.

State Sources

Florida Education Finance Program. The major portion of the District's State support is distributed under the provisions of the Florida Education Finance Program ("FEFP"), which was enacted by the State Legislature in 1973. Basic FEFP funds are provided on a weighted full-time equivalent ("FTE") student basis and through a formula that takes into account: (i) varying program costs; (ii) cost differentials between districts; (iii) differences in per-student costs due to the density of student population; and (iv) the required level of local support (the "Required Local Effort"). Program cost factors are determined by the State Legislature each year. The amount of FEFP funds disbursed by the State is adjusted four times during each year to reflect changes in FTE and in other variables comprising the formula, as well as to compensate for increases or decreases in ad valorem tax revenue resulting from adjustments to the valuation of non-exempt property in each county. To participate in FEFP funding, the District must levy a minimum millage for operating purposes, which is set by the State Department of Education. See "REVENUE SOURCES OF THE DISTRICT – Local Sources – *Ad Valorem Taxes*" herein. The District's FEFP receipts for Fiscal Year 2016-2017 were approximately \$1.5 billion, were approximately \$1.5 billion for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and were budgeted to be \$1.5 billion in Fiscal Year 2018-2019, which amounts include the Required Local Effort millage (as described below under " - Local Sources").

FEFP Categorical Programs. FEFP categorical programs are lump sum appropriations from the State intended to supplement local school district revenues to enhance the delivery of educational and support services by each school district. In recent years, most categorical programs have been eliminated and the funds are now earmarked within the FEFP base student allocation. The only remaining categorical program is class size reduction. The allocation for class size reduction is based on a funding formula. The majority of funds available therefrom require actual appropriation by the School Board for the purposes for which they were provided.

Total State categorical aid for class size reduction was \$308.1 million for Fiscal Year 2016-2017, \$307.8 million for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and was budgeted to be \$304.3 million for Fiscal Year 2018-2019.

State Lottery Revenues. A portion of the revenues generated from the State lottery is distributed to each Florida school district as Discretionary Lottery revenue and Florida School Recognition Program revenue. The Florida School Recognition program recognizes schools that have received an "A" or improved at least one letter grade from the previous school year and, under Florida Statutes, is required to be used for nonrecurring bonuses for school faculty and staff, nonrecurring expenditures for educational equipment or materials, for temporary personnel to assist schools in maintaining or improving student performance, or any combination of these. The District received \$9.2 million in Florida School Recognition revenue for Fiscal Year 2016-2017, \$13.9 million in Florida School Recognition revenue for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and was budgeted to receive \$12.4 million in Florida School Recognition revenue for Fiscal Year 2018-2019. The District received \$0.5 million in Discretionary Lottery revenues in Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and anticipated receiving 0.95 million in Fiscal Year 2018-2019.

Other State Revenues. The District also receives State educational funding from a variety of miscellaneous State programs, the largest of which is Workforce Development. The District received approximately \$70.8 million for Workforce Development in Fiscal Year 2016-2017, received \$73.4 million for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and was budgeted to receive approximately \$74.6 million for Fiscal Year 2018-2019.

Local Sources

Ad Valorem Taxes. Local revenue for District operating support is derived almost entirely from ad valorem real and tangible personal property taxes. In addition to ad valorem taxes, the District also earns interest on cash invested and collects other miscellaneous revenues. The Florida Constitution limits the non-voted millage rate that school boards may levy on an annual basis for school purposes to 10 mills (\$10 per \$1,000 of taxable real and personal property value). The millage limitation does not apply to taxes approved at referendum by qualified electors in the County for general obligation bonds and certain other short-term, voter approved levies. Chapter 1011, Florida Statutes further limits the non-voted millage levy for operational purposes to an amount established each year by the State appropriations act and finally certified by the Commissioner of the State of Florida Department of Education. Within this operational limit, each school district desiring to participate in the State's allocation of FEFP funds for current operations must levy a non-voted millage rate that is determined annually by the State Legislature and certified by the Commissioner of the State Department of Education and is referred to herein as the "Required Local Effort." For Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2019, the District's required local effort was 4.027 mills, inclusive of a Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage of 0.030 mills as required by Section 1011.62(4)(e), Florida Statutes. Such Prior Period millage is levied when the preliminary taxable value for the prior year is greater than the final taxable value for such year, thereby resulting in lower than expected revenues from the required local effort millage.

In addition to the "Required Local Effort," school districts are entitled to levy an additional non-voted current operating "discretionary millage" not to exceed an amount established annually by the Legislature and up to 1.5 mills for capital outlay and maintenance of school facilities. However, the District may levy up to 0.25 mills for capital outlay and maintenance of school facilities in lieu of operating discretionary millage. For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019, the District's discretionary operating millage was 0.748 mills. The District did not levy any capital outlay discretionary millage for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019. See "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES - Millage Rates" and "- Historical Millages" herein.

The District, pursuant to authority granted in Section 1011.71(9), Florida Statutes, sought voter approval for the levy of an additional 0.50 mills for operating purposes for a period of four years, commencing with Fiscal Year 2019-20. The voters approved such levy at a special election held on August 28, 2018. See "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES – Historical and Current Millages" herein.

Ad Valorem Tax Revenue collections for operating levies for Fiscal Year 2016-2017 were \$916.0 million, were \$923.8 million for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and budgeted revenues for Fiscal Year 2018-2019 were \$941.1 million.

Budgeted revenues from ad valorem taxes are based on applying millage levies to 96% of the non-exempt assessed valuation of real and personal property within the County. See "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES" herein.

Federal Sources

The District receives certain federal monies, both directly and through the State, substantially all of which are restricted for specific programs. Direct federal revenue sources were approximately \$2.3 million in Fiscal Year 2016-2017, were \$2.2 million in Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and were budgeted to be \$2.0 million in Fiscal Year 2018-2019. Federal funds through the State totaled \$19.9 million in Fiscal Year 2016-2017, were \$21.7 million in Fiscal Year 2017-2018 and were budgeted to be \$18.5 million in Fiscal Year 2018-2019.

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The following table summarizes the revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2018 (audited) and June 30, 2019 (budgeted).

School District of Broward County, Florida
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund
(In Thousands)
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	Audited				Budgeted
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
REVENUES:					
Local Sources:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$864,701	\$901,439	\$916,007	\$918,653	\$941,104
Interest Income And Other	53,647	57,533	68,238	76,970	66,059
Total Local Sources	<u>918,348</u>	<u>958,972</u>	<u>984,245</u>	<u>995,623</u>	<u>\$1,007,163</u>
State Sources:					
Florida Education Finance Program	628,202	655,072	688,328	703,547	732,096
Other	389,308	391,900	399,127	399,908	400,384
Total State Sources	<u>1,017,510</u>	<u>1,046,972</u>	<u>1,087,455</u>	<u>1,103,455</u>	<u>1,132,480</u>
Federal Sources:					
Other	15,781	17,159	22,189	23,890	20,450
Total Federal Sources	<u>15,781</u>	<u>17,159</u>	<u>22,189</u>	<u>23,890</u>	<u>20,450</u>
Total Revenues	<u>1,951,639</u>	<u>2,023,103</u>	<u>2,093,889</u>	<u>2,122,968</u>	<u>2,160,093</u>
EXPENDITURES:					
Instructional Services	1,310,145	1,372,810	1,419,048	1,465,218	1,491,648
Instructional Support Services	174,822	178,344	196,296	206,593	211,249
Pupil Transportation Services	80,650	83,255	87,644	91,950	83,604
Operation and Maintenance	233,692	241,991	246,242	245,021	240,757
School Administration	129,070	130,113	136,711	141,085	137,941
General Administration	64,656	80,767	88,436	96,267	112,923
Debt Service	124	276	1,480	952	1,480
Total Expenditures	<u>1,993,159</u>	<u>2,087,556</u>	<u>2,175,857</u>	<u>2,247,086</u>	<u>2,279,602</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(41,520)</u>	<u>(64,493)</u>	<u>(81,968)</u>	<u>(124,118)</u>	<u>(119,509)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Loss Revenues	-	-	-		
Capital Lease	-	-	-		
Operating Transfers In	64,993	76,231	85,402	94,702	106,639
Operating Transfers Out	<u>(6,821)</u>	<u>(5,287)</u>	<u>(5,065)</u>	<u>(40)</u>	<u>(40)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>58,172</u>	<u>70,944</u>	<u>80,337</u>	<u>94,662</u>	<u>106,599</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>16,652</u>	<u>6,451</u>	<u>(1,631)</u>	<u>(29,456)</u>	<u>(12,910)</u>
Adjustment to conform with GAAP:	<u>-</u>	<u>11,298</u>	<u>12,475</u>	<u>13,974</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	<u>144,780</u>	<u>161,432</u>	<u>179,181</u>	<u>190,025</u>	<u>160,568⁽¹⁾</u>
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$161,432</u>	<u>\$ 179,181</u>	<u>\$190,025</u>	<u>\$160,569</u>	<u>\$147,658</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects projected 2018 ending fund balance and not beginning fund balance in 2019 budget. Due to timing differences, the actual 2019 beginning fund balance is not available at the time the budget is being prepared.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The School Board of Broward County, Florida for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018; Fiscal Year 2018-2019 Budgeted figures provided by Broward County Public Schools Budget Office.

General Fund Legislation

Section 1011.051, Florida Statutes, entitled "Guidelines for general funds" requires that if a school district's General Fund ending balance not classified as restricted, committed or nonspendable in the approved operating budget is projected to fall below three percent (3%) of projected General Fund revenues, the Superintendent shall provide written notification to the district school board and the Commissioner of Education. The section further requires that if the General Fund ending balance not classified as restricted, committed or nonspendable is projected to fall below two percent (2%) of projected General Fund revenues, the Superintendent shall provide written notification to the district school board and the Commissioner of Education. Within 14 days after receiving such notification of a balance below two percent (2%), if the Commissioner determines that the district does not have a plan that is reasonably anticipated to avoid a financial emergency as determined pursuant to Florida Statutes pertaining thereto, the Commissioner shall appoint a financial emergency board that may take certain delineated steps to assist a district school board in complying with the General Fund requirements. In Fiscal Year 2016-17, the District's General Fund ending balance not classified as restricted, committed or nonspendable was 4.42% of General Fund Revenues. In Fiscal Year 2017-18, the District's General Fund ending balance not classified as restricted, committed or nonspendable was 3.66% of General Fund Revenues and for Fiscal Year 2018-2019 was budgeted to be 3.88% of General Fund Revenues.

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The School Board of Broward County, Florida
Actual General Fund Cash Flow
Fiscal Year 2018-2019
(in thousands)

	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV (1-15)	NOV (16-30)	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOTAL
Opening Cash & Investment Balance														
RECEIPTS:														
Federal														
State Revenues:														
FEFP-State														
Workforce														
Other Categorical-State														
All Others-State														
Total														
Local Revenues:														
Ad Valorem Taxes-Local														
Miscellaneous-Local														
Interest-Local														
Transfers In														
Total														
2017 Note Proceeds														
TOTAL RECEIPTS														
DISBURSEMENTS:														
Salaries and Benefits														
Vendors & Insurance Claims														
Transfers Out														
2017 Note Payment														
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS														
Ending Cash & Investment Balance														

^(a) Ending balance as of June 30, 2018 per Preliminary Financial Statements (SAFR).

^(b) \$ _____ interest (\$ _____ net interest).

^(c) \$ _____ Bond Premium.

The School Board of Broward County, Florida
Projected General Fund Cash Flow
Fiscal Year 2019-2020
(in thousands)

	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV (1-16)	NOV (17-30)	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOTAL ^(b)
Opening Cash & Investment Balance														
RECEIPTS:														
Federal														
State Revenues:														
FEFP-State														
Workforce														
Other Categorical-State														
All Others-State														
Total														
Local Revenues:														
Ad Valorem Taxes-Local														
Miscellaneous-Local														
Interest-Local														
Transfers In														
Total														
2018 Note Proceeds														
TOTAL RECEIPTS														
DISBURSEMENTS:														
Salaries and Benefits														
Vendors														
Transfers Out														
2018 Note Payment														
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS														
Ending Cash & Investment Balance														

^(a) Beginning cash and investment balance agreed to the preliminary financial statements for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019.

^(b) Per FY 2019-20 District summary Adopted Budget approved at First Public Meeting on _____, 2019.

^(c) \$ _____ Premium.

AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES

Property Assessment

Florida law requires that all real and personal property be assessed at its just or fair market value. No ad valorem taxes may be levied by the State upon real estate or tangible personal property. Such taxes may be levied only by counties, school districts, municipalities and certain special districts. Railroad properties are centrally assessed at the State level.

Real property used for the following purposes is generally exempt from ad valorem taxation: religious, educational, charitable, scientific, literary, and governmental. In addition, there are special exemptions for widows, hospitals, homesteads, homes for the aged, disabled veterans, deployed military personnel, surviving spouses of veterans and low income seniors. The "homestead exemption" exempts from ad valorem taxation the first \$25,000 of the assessed valuation of a residence occupied by the owner on a permanent basis, when such owner has filed for and received a homestead exemption and provides for an additional exemption of up to \$25,000 on the assessed valuation of homestead property greater than \$50,000 from all ad valorem taxes other than school district levies. Agricultural land, non-commercial recreational land, inventory, and livestock are assessed at less than 100% of fair market value.

By voter referendum held on November 2, 1992, Article VII, Section 4 of the Florida Constitution was amended by adding thereto a subsection which, in effect, limits the increases in assessed just value of homestead property to the lesser of (1) three percent of the assessment for the prior year or (2) the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Further, the amendment provides that (1) no assessment shall exceed just value, (2) after any change of ownership of homestead property or upon termination of homestead status such property shall be reassessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the year of sale or change of status, (3) new homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the establishment of the homestead, and (4) changes, additions, reductions or improvements to homestead shall initially be assessed as provided for by general law, and thereafter as provided in the amendment. The amendment is known as the "Save Our Homes" amendment. The effective date of the amendment was January 5, 1993 and, pursuant to a ruling by the Supreme Court of the State of Florida, it began to affect homestead property valuations commencing January 1, 1995 with 1994 assessed values being the base year for determining compliance.

In the November 7, 2006 general election, the voters of Florida approved amendments to the State Constitution, which provide for an increase in the homestead (ad valorem tax) exemption to \$50,000 from \$25,000 for certain low-income seniors effective January 1, 2007 and provide a discount from the amount of ad valorem taxes for certain permanently disabled veterans effective December 7, 2006, respectively. See also, " - Recent Legislative Initiatives and Constitutional Amendments Affecting Ad Valorem Taxes - Exemption for Low Income Seniors" below.

In the November 4, 2008 general election, the voters of the State approved amendments to the State Constitution providing the Florida Legislature with authority to enact exemptions or special assessment protections for certain types of property subject to ad valorem taxation including exemptions for conservation lands and residential wind damage resistance and renewable energy source improvements, and restrictions on the assessment of working waterfront properties. Thereafter, legislation was enacted which creates an exemption for land used exclusively for conservation purposes.

Such exemption applies to property tax assessments made on or after January 1, 2011 (Fiscal Year 2011-12 for school districts).

Procedure for Property Assessment

The Property Appraiser of Broward County (the "Property Appraiser") determines property valuation on real and tangible personal property as of January 1 of each year. The Property Appraiser determines the valuation of all real and personal property by July 1 of each year and notifies the County, the District, each municipality, and each other legally constituted special taxing district as to its just valuation, notes the legal adjustments and exemptions and the taxable valuation. The taxable valuation is then used by each taxing body to calculate its ad valorem millage for the budget year. Each taxing body must advertise its budget, stating the proposed millage and hold public hearings on such budgets. Final budgets are determined by each taxing body, and the millage is certified to the Property Appraiser by October 1.

Concurrently, the Property Appraiser notifies each property owner of the proposed valuation and the proposed millage on such property. If the individual property owner believes that his or her property has not been appraised at fair market value, the owner may file a petition with the Broward County Value Adjustment Board (the "Adjustment Board"). Taxpayers appealing the assessed value or assigned classification of their property must make a required partial payment of taxes (generally equal to 75% of the ad valorem taxes due, less the applicable statutory discount, if any) with respect to properties that will have a petition pending on or after the delinquency date (normally April 1). A taxpayer's failure to make the required partial payment before the delinquency date (normally April 1) will result in the denial of the taxpayer's petition. The Adjustment Board currently consists of two members of the County Commission of the County, one member of the School Board, a citizen member who is a homestead property owner living in the County and a citizen member appointed by the School Board who owns a business within the District. The Adjustment Board appoints independent special magistrates (real estate appraisers or attorneys) who hold public hearings on such petitions and determine whether adjustments to the valuations made by the Property Appraiser should be made, if such valuations were found not to be fair and at market value. The Adjustment Board must complete all required hearings and certify its decision with regard to all petitions and certify to the Property Appraiser the valuation to be used by June 1 following the tax year in which the assessments were made. These changes are then made to the final tax roll. The June 1 requirement shall be extended until December 1 in each year in which the number of petitions filed with the Adjustment Board increased by more than 10% over the previous year. The decision of the Adjustment Board may be appealed to the Circuit Court.

The Property Appraiser applies the final certified millage of each taxing body to the assessed valuation on each item of real and tangible personal property, and prepares the final tax roll which he certifies to the County Tax Collector by October 1. This permits the printing of tax bills for delivery on November 1 of each year. The tax bills contain all of the overlapping and underlying millages set by the various taxing bodies, so that all ad valorem taxes are collected by the County Tax Collector and distributed to the various taxing bodies. See " - Assessed Value of Taxable Property" below for a table of assessed valuations.

Setting the Millage

The Property Appraiser assesses and the County Tax Collector collects all ad valorem taxes within the County. While one tax bill emanates from the County, the bill represents ad valorem taxes levied by the County, the District, municipalities and other taxing authorities.

The Florida Constitution limits the non-voted millage rate that school boards may levy on an annual basis for school purposes to 10 mills (\$10 per \$1,000 of taxable real and personal property value). The millage limitation does not apply to taxes approved at referendum by qualified electors in the County for general obligation bonds and certain other short-term, voter approved levies. Section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, further limits the millage levy for operational purposes to an amount established each year by the State appropriations act and finally certified by the Commissioner of the State of Florida Department of Education. Within this operational limit, each school district desiring to participate in the State's appropriation of FEFP funds for current operations must levy the millage certified by the Commissioner of the State of Florida Department of Education as the "required local effort," which is set each year by the State Legislature. For Fiscal Year 2017-2018, the District's required local effort millage was 4.226 mills and was 4.027 mills for Fiscal Year 2018-2019. In addition to the "required local effort," school districts are entitled to levy up to 0.748 mills as non-voted current operating discretionary millage and up to 1.500 mills for capital outlay and maintenance of school facilities. However, the District may levy up to 0.25 mills for capital outlay and maintenance of school facilities in lieu of operating discretionary millage. The District levied 0.748 mills for operating discretionary millage and 1.500 mills for capital outlay and maintenance millage in Fiscal Year 2017-2018. The District levied 0.748 mills for operating discretionary millage and 1.500 mills for capital outlay and maintenance millage in Fiscal Year 2018-2019.

The millage limitations are applicable to non-voted taxes levied for operational and capital outlay and maintenance purposes. The millage limitation does not apply to taxes approved at referendum by qualified electors in the County for general obligation bonds and for certain other short-term voter approved levies.

Each respective millage rate, except as limited by law, is set on the basis of estimates of revenue needs and the total taxable property values within the taxing authority's respective jurisdiction. Revenues derived from ad valorem property taxes are budgeted, as required by Florida law, on the application of millage levies to 96% of the non-exempt assessed valuation of property in the County. Ad valorem taxes are not levied in excess of actual budget requirements.

The District levied a millage of 4.775 mills against the cap of 10 mills for the 2018-2019 Fiscal Year for general operations (inclusive of 0.748 mills of operating discretionary millage). In addition, the District, for the same period and under the same cap, levied a tax of 1.500 mills for capital outlay. The main local source of such capital outlay funds is the tax receipts collected pursuant to the capital improvement tax authorized and levied pursuant to Section 1011.71(2), Florida Statutes (the "Capital Improvement Tax"), for capital outlay and maintenance purposes. The Capital Improvement Tax is an ad valorem tax levied by the District upon the taxable real and personal property located in the County up to the maximum amount of 1.500 mills. See "Recent Legislative Initiatives and Constitutional Amendments Affecting Ad Valorem Taxes – Reduction in Capital Improvement Tax Levy" and "- Distribution of Capital Outlay Funds to Charter Schools" herein. These taxes are not pledged as security for the Notes. The total millage for the 2018-2019 Fiscal Year is 6.4029 mills, including 0.1279 mills for debt service. See " - Truth in Millage Bill" below.

Truth in Millage Bill

The 1980 Florida Legislature enacted the Truth in Millage Bill (the "Trim Bill") requiring that only legislative bodies, including school districts, fix the millage rate, and requiring that all property be assessed at 100% of just value.

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Historical and Current Millages

The following table contains the tax millage rates of the District for the Fiscal Years shown below:

School District of Broward County, Florida Tax Millage Rates

	<u>2014-15</u>	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2017-18</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
<u>General Fund:</u>					
Required Local Effort	5.1900	4.9550	4.5880	4.2260	4.0270
Discretionary					
Operating	<u>0.7480</u>	<u>0.7480</u>	<u>0.7480</u>	<u>0.7480</u>	<u>0.7480</u>
Sub Total	<u>5.9380</u>	<u>5.7030</u>	<u>5.3360</u>	<u>4.9740</u>	<u>4.7750</u>
Debt Service	0.0000	0.0710	0.0703	0.0654	0.1279
Capital Improvement	<u>1.5000</u>	<u>1.5000</u>	<u>1.5000</u>	<u>1.5000</u>	<u>1.5000</u>
Total	<u><u>7.4380</u></u>	<u><u>7.2740</u></u>	<u><u>6.9063</u></u>	<u><u>6.5394</u></u>	<u><u>6.4029</u></u>

Procedures for Tax Collection and Distribution

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as the tax roll is certified and delivered to the County Tax Collector. The County Tax Collector mails a notice to each property owner on the tax roll for the taxes levied by the County, the District, municipalities within the County and other taxing authorities. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of such notice, with discounts at the rate of 4% if paid in the month of November; 3% if paid in the month of December; 2% if paid in the month of January and 1% if paid in the month of February. Taxes paid in the month of March are without discount. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year in which taxes were levied. Delinquent real property taxes bear interest at the rate of 18% per year from April 1 until a tax certificate is sold at auction, from which time the interest rate shall be as bid by the buyer of the tax certificate. Delinquent tangible personal property taxes also bear interest at the rate of 18% per year from April 1 until paid. Delinquent personal property taxes must be advertised within 45 days after delinquency, and after May 1, the property is subject to warrant, levy, seizure and sale.

On or before June 1 or the 60th day after the date of delinquency, whichever is later, the County Tax Collector must advertise once each week for three weeks and must sell tax certificates on all real property with delinquent taxes. The tax certificates are sold to those bidding the lowest interest rate. Such certificates include the amount of delinquent taxes, the penalty interest accrued thereon and the cost of advertising. Delinquent tax certificates not sold at auction become the property of the County. Florida law provides that real property tax liens are superior to all other liens, except prior Internal Revenue Service liens.

To redeem a tax certificate, the owner of the property must pay all delinquent taxes, the interest that accrued prior to the date of the sale of the tax certificate, charges incurred in connection with the sale of the tax certificate, omitted taxes, if any, and interest at the rate shown on the tax certificate (or interest at the rate of 5%, whichever is higher) from the date of the sale of the tax certificate to the date of redemption. If such tax certificates or liens are not redeemed by the property owner within two years, the holder of the tax certificates can cause the property to be sold to pay off the outstanding certificates and

the interest thereon. Provisions are also made for the collection of delinquent tangible personal property taxes, but in a different manner which includes the possible seizure of the tangible personal property.

Section 197.016(2), Florida Statutes, requires the County Tax Collector to distribute the taxes collected, to each governmental unit levying the tax. Such distribution is to be made four times during the first two months after the tax roll comes into its possession, and once per month thereafter.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property

The following table sets forth the assessed value of taxable property in the District for current and the last nine fiscal years:

**Broward County, Florida
Net Assessed Value of Taxable Property
Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2019
(in Thousands)**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾		Exemptions ⁽²⁾		Net Assessed Value
	Real Property	Personal Property	Real Property	Personal Property	
2009	\$239,733,615	\$7,993,405	\$70,349,768	\$160,322	\$177,216,930
2010	202,144,709	7,955,487	50,824,776	189,290	159,086,130
2011	171,869,596	7,732,226	40,219,956	187,099	139,194,767
2012	169,479,765	7,421,889	41,083,095	196,897	135,621,662
2013	168,965,812	7,367,500	39,660,644	201,407	136,471,261
2014	178,153,457	7,645,682	42,807,958	948,264	142,042,917
2015	198,141,803	7,700,685	51,306,429	996,305	153,539,754
2016	216,055,369	8,047,509	58,337,283	1,082,829	164,682,766
2017	234,894,131	8,503,953	63,484,062	1,110,211	178,803,811
2018	252,239,719	9,991,198	67,697,864	1,061,203	193,471,850
2019 ⁽³⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	205,307,399

N/A=Not Available.

⁽¹⁾ The basis of assessed value is approximately 100% of actual value.

⁽²⁾ Exemptions allowed by Chapter 196, Florida Statutes.

⁽³⁾ Based on July 1, 2018 valuation of Broward County Property Appraiser prior to adjustments on appeal from taxpayers. See "- Property Assessment" above.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The School Board of Broward County, Florida for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018, citing Broward County Property Appraiser. 2019 data provided by the Broward County Property Appraiser (DR-403V).

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Ad Valorem Tax Levies and Collections

The following table sets forth the amounts billed and the percent collected for ad valorem property taxes levied by the District:

School District of Broward County, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Tax Levy	Less Adjustments		Net Tax Levy	Total Tax Collections Through June 30	Percent of Total Tax Collections To Net Tax Levy
		Deductions ⁽¹⁾	Discounts ⁽²⁾			
2014 ⁽³⁾	\$1,062,480	\$3,845	\$36,865	\$1,021,770	\$1,018,308	95.84%
2015 ⁽³⁾	1,142,028	11,382	39,633	1,091,013	1,083,180	94.85
2016	1,197,902	7,644	41,445	1,148,813	1,148,144	95.85
2017	1,234,819	8,307	42,922	1,183,644	1,182,717	95.78
2018	1,265,190	12,734	44,124	1,208,332	1,206,362	95.35

⁽¹⁾ Deductions reflecting adjustments by Value Adjustment Board. See " – Procedures for Property Assessment" above.

⁽²⁾ Reflects discounts for early payment. See " – Procedures for Tax Collection and Distribution" above.

⁽³⁾ Prior year revenue in General Fund and Capital Funds were added here due to negative balances.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The School Board of Broward County, Florida for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018, citing Broward County Tax Collector.

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Principal Taxpayers

The following table sets forth the Principal Property Tax Payers in Broward County, Florida in 2018 and 2009:

Broward County, Florida Principal Taxpayers (in Thousands)

Taxpayer	2018			2009		
	Tax Levy ⁽¹⁾	Rank	Percent of Total Aggregate Tax Levy	Tax Levy ⁽¹⁾	Rank	Percent of Total Aggregate Tax Levy
Florida Power & Light Co	\$ 70,786	1	1.76%	\$ 31,226	1	0.86%
Sunrise Mills Ltd Prtnr	14,013	2	0.35	8,159	3	0.22
Diplomat Hotel Owner LLC	8,114	3	0.20	6,848	4	0.19
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	5,667	4	0.14	2,713	8	0.07
Bellsouth Telecommunications Inc	5,122	5	0.13	9,042	2	0.25
Arium Resort LLC	4,831	6	0.12	-	-	-
Harbor Beach Property LLC	4,183	7	0.10	-	-	-
TAF GG Las Olas LP	3,723	8	0.09	-	-	-
Camden Summit Partnership LP	3,310	9	0.08	-	-	-
RAR2 - Las Olas Centre LLC	3,304	10	0.08	-	-	-
WCI Communities Inc.	-	-	-	6,559	5	0.18
BF Las Olas LLC	-	-	-	3,312	6	0.09
Northwestern Mutual Life Ins CO	-	-	-	2,805	7	0.08
Fifth Avenue Partners Ltd	-	-	-	2,511	9	0.07
Pembroke Lakes Mall Ltd	-	-	-	2,405	10	0.07
Total Principal Taxpayers	\$123,053		3.05%	\$75,580		2.08%
All Other Taxpayers	\$3,908,498		96.95%	\$3,573,495		97.92%
Total Aggregate Tax Levy	\$4,031,551		100.00%	\$3,649,075		100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Includes tax levy from all taxing jurisdictions within Broward County.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The School Board of Broward County, Florida for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

Recent Legislative Initiatives and Constitutional Amendments Affecting Ad Valorem Taxes

Several amendments to the Florida Constitution affecting ad valorem taxes have been approved by voters in the recent past including the following.

Constitutional amendments related to ad valorem exemptions. On January 29, 2008, in a special election held in conjunction with Florida's presidential primary, the requisite number of voters approved amendments to the State Constitution exempting certain portions of a property's assessed value from taxation. The amendments were effective beginning with the 2008 tax year (2008-2009 fiscal year for local governments). The following is a brief summary of certain important provisions contained in such amendments:

1. Provides for an additional exemption for the assessed value of homestead property between \$50,000 and \$75,000, thus doubling the existing homestead exemption for property with an

assessed value equal to or greater than \$75,000. See "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES - Property Assessment" for a description of the homestead exemption. **This exemption does not apply to school district taxes.**

2. Permits owners of homestead property to transfer their Save Our Homes benefit (up to \$500,000) to a new homestead property purchased within two years of the sale of their previous homestead property to which such benefit applied if the just value of the new homestead is greater than or is equal to the just value of the prior homestead. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the just value of the prior homestead, then owners of homestead property may transfer a proportional amount of their Save Our Homes benefit, such proportional amount equaling the just value of the new homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. As discussed under "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES - Property Assessment," the Save Our Homes amendment generally limits annual increases in ad valorem tax assessments for those properties with homestead exemptions to the lesser of 3% or the annual rate of inflation. **This exemption applies to all taxes, including school district taxes.**

3. Exempts from ad valorem taxation \$25,000 of the assessed value of property subject to tangible personal property tax. **This limitation applies to all taxes, including school district taxes.**

4. Limits increases in the assessed value of non-homestead property to 10% per year, subject to certain adjustments. The cap on increases is in effect for a 10 year period, subject to extension by an affirmative vote of electors. See "- Extending the Limitation on Assessed Values of Non-Homestead Real Property" for information concerning a recently approved constitutional amendment to extend the 10% cap on increases of non-homesteaded properties. **This limitation does not apply to school district taxes.**

From time to time over the last several years, the Save Our Homes assessment cap and portability provision described above have been subject to legal challenge. The plaintiffs in such cases have generally argued that the Save Our Homes assessment cap constitutes an unlawful residency requirement for tax benefits on substantially similar property, in violation of the State Constitution's Equal Protection provisions and the Privileges and Immunities Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and that the portability provision simply extends the unconstitutionality of the tax shelters granted to long-term homeowners by Save Our Homes. The courts in each case have rejected such constitutional arguments and upheld the constitutionality of such provisions. However, there is no assurance that any future challenges to such provisions will not be successful. Any potential impact on the District or its finances as a result of such challenges cannot be ascertained at this time.

Exemption for Deployed Military Personnel. In the November 2010 general election, voters approved a constitutional amendment which provides an additional homestead exemption for deployed military personnel. The exemption equals the percentage of days during the prior calendar year that the military homeowner was deployed outside of the United States in support of military operations designated by the legislature. This constitutional amendment took effect on January 1, 2011.

Reduction in Capital Improvement Tax Levy. In 2008, Section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, was amended to reduce the maximum millage rate that school districts could levy for capital outlay and maintenance purposes (referred to in this Official Statement as the Capital Improvement Tax) from 2.0 mills to 1.75 mills commencing in Fiscal Year 2008-09. In conjunction with such reduction, the State's Commissioner of Education increased the amount of the required local effort for each school district in the State, which resulted in a shift of the millage (and associated tax revenues) from capital outlay and maintenance purposes to operational purposes. However, if the revenues generated from the reduced Capital Improvement Tax levy are insufficient to make payments under a lease-purchase agreement

entered into prior to June 30, 2008, an amount equal to the revenue generated from 0.50 mills of the operating millage levy may be used to make such lease payments.

Section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, was again amended in the 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 legislative sessions to provide for the following: (i) a reduction of the maximum Capital Improvement Tax levy from 1.75 mills to 1.50 mills; (ii) a waiver of the three-fourths limit on use of proceeds from the Capital Improvement Tax for lease-purchase agreements entered into before June 30, 2009; (iii) if the revenue from 1.50 mills is insufficient to make the payments due under a lease-purchase agreement entered into prior to June 30, 2009, or to meet other critical fixed capital outlay needs, authorization for school districts to levy up to 0.25 mills for capital improvement needs in lieu of an equivalent amount of the discretionary mills for operations as provided in the State General Appropriation Act; and (iv) authorization for school boards, by a super majority vote, to levy an optional 0.25 mills for critical capital outlay needs or for critical operating needs. The authorization to levy the millage described in clause (iv) hereof expired on June 30, 2011.

Exemption for Disabled Veterans. In the November 2012 General Election, voters approved a constitutional amendment which allows totally or partially disabled veterans who were not Florida residents at the time of entering military service to qualify for the combat-related disabled veteran's ad valorem tax discount on homestead property. The amendment became effective on January 1, 2013.

Exemption for Surviving Spouse of Veterans. In the November 2012 General Election, voters approved a constitutional amendment which allows the State Legislature to provide ad valorem tax relief to the surviving spouse of a veteran who died from service-connected causes while on active duty as a member of the United States Armed Forces and to the surviving spouse of a first responder who died in the line of duty. The amount of tax relief, to be defined by general law, can equal the total amount or a portion of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on the homestead property. The amendment became effective on January 1, 2013.

Exemption for Low Income Seniors. In the November 2012 General Election, voters approved a constitutional amendment which allows the State Legislature by general law to permit counties and municipalities, by ordinance, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption equal to the assessed value of homestead property to certain low income seniors. To be eligible for the additional homestead exemption, the county or municipality must have granted the exemption by ordinance, the property must have a just value of less than \$250,000, the owner must have title to the property and maintained his or her permanent residence thereon for at least 25 years, the owner must be age 65 years or older and the owner's annual household income must be less than \$27,300. The additional homestead tax exemption authorized by HJR 169 does not apply to school property taxes.

In the November 2016 General Election, voters approved a constitutional amendment changing the existing homestead tax exemption for low income seniors so that the value of property owned by eligible senior citizens with a household income of \$20,000 or less could be assessed when they first apply for the exemption. The measure was designed to ensure eligible seniors' ability to be able to keep their tax exemption even if their home value exceeded \$250,000 in the future. The amendment took effect on January 1, 2017 but is retroactive to January 1, 2013, meaning a senior who qualified for the exemption in 2013, but lost it, would regain the exemption.

At present, the impact of the above-described amendments on the District's finances has been minimal. However, there can be no assurance that similar or additional legislative or other proposals will not be introduced or enacted in the future that would, or might apply to, or have a material adverse effect upon, the District's finances.

Various Changes to Ad Valorem Assessment, Exemptions and Definitions. During its 2013 Regular Session, the Florida Legislature passed Senate Bill 1830 ("SB 1830"), which creates a number of changes affecting ad valorem taxation which became effective as of July 1, 2013. First, SB 1830 provides long-term lessees the ability to retain their homestead exemption and related assessment limitations and exemptions in certain instances and extends the time for property owners to appeal value adjustment board decisions on transfers of assessment limitations to conform with general court filing time frames. Second, SB 1830 inserts the term "algaculture" in the definition of "agricultural purpose" and inserts the term "aquacultural crops" in the provision specifying the valuation of certain annual agricultural crops, nonbearing fruit trees and nursery stock. Third, SB 1830 allows for an automatic renewal for assessment reductions related to certain additions to homestead properties used as living quarters for a parent or grandparent and aligns related appeal and penalty provisions to those for other homestead exemptions. Fourth, SB 1830 deletes a statutory requirement that the owner of Florida real property permanently reside upon such property in order to qualify for a homestead exemption. This change conforms the statute at issue with the Florida Constitution by allowing non-resident owners of property to claim a homestead exemption if a person legally or naturally dependent upon the owner permanently resides on such property. Fifth, SB 1830 clarifies a drafting error regarding the property tax exemptions counties and cities may provide for certain low income persons age 65 and older. Sixth, SB 1830 removes a residency requirement that a senior disabled veteran must have been a Florida resident at the time they entered the service to qualify for certain property tax exemptions. Seventh, SB 1830 repeals the ability for limited liability partnerships with a general partner that is a charitable 501(c)(3) organization to qualify for the affordable housing property tax exemption. Finally, SB 1830 exempts from property taxes property used exclusively for educational purposes when the entities that own the property and the educational facility are the same natural persons.

Assessment of Renewable Energy Devices Upon Residential Property. Also during the Florida Legislature's 2013 Regular Session, the Florida Legislature passed House Bill 277 ("HB 277"), which provides that certain renewable energy devices are exempt from being considered when calculating the assessed value of residential property. HB 277 only applies to devices installed on or after January 1, 2013. HB 277 took effect on July 1, 2013.

Reclassification of Agricultural Lands. Also during the Florida Legislature's 2013 Regular Session, the Florida Legislature passed House Bill 1193 ("HB 1193"), which eliminated three ways in which the property appraiser had authority to reclassify agricultural land as non-agricultural land. Additionally, HB 1193 relieves the value adjustment board of the authority to review the property appraisers' classifications of land upon its own motion. HB 1193 applies retroactively as of January 1, 2013.

At present, the impact of the above-described legislation on the District's finances has been minimal. However, there can be no assurance that similar or additional legislative or other proposals will not be introduced or enacted in the future that would, or might apply to, or have a material adverse effect upon, the District's finances.

Exemption for Disabled First Responders. In the November 2016 General Election, voters approved a constitutional amendment authorizing first responders who are totally and permanently disabled as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty to receive ad valorem tax relief on the homestead property. The amount of tax relief, to be defined by general law, can equal the total amount or a portion of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on the homestead property. Florida defines first responders as law enforcement officers, correctional officers, firefighters, emergency medical technicians and paramedics. This amendment took effect on January 1, 2017.

At this time, the impact of the above-described constitutional amendment on the District has been minimal. There can be no assurance that similar or additional legislative or other proposals will not be introduced or enacted in the future that would, or might apply to, or have a material adverse effect upon, the District's finances.

Extending the Limitation on Assessed Values of Non-Homesteaded Real Property. In the November 2018 General Election, voters approved a constitutional amendment removing the scheduled January 1, 2019 repeal of the limitation prohibiting the increase in the assessed value of non-homestead property to 10% per year. The limitation does not apply to property taxes levied by school districts. This amendment took effect on January 1, 2019.

Exempting Assessed Value of a Renewable Energy Device. During the Florida Legislature's 2017 Regular Session, the Florida Legislature passed SB 90 ("SB 90") implementing Amendment 4, which was approved by the voters in August 2016. SB 90 exempts the assessed value of a renewable energy device from tangible personal property tax and the installation of those devices from determining the assessed value of real property, both residential and non-residential, for the purpose of ad valorem taxation. SB 90 also revises the definition of "renewable energy source device" to include power conditioning and storage devices, wiring, structural support and other components used as integral parts of such systems. The changes made by SB 90 expire on December 31, 2037.

Distribution of Capital Outlay Funds to Charter Schools. During the Florida Legislature's 2017 Regular Session, the Florida Legislature passed HB 7069 ("HB 7069") which, among other things, requires school districts to distribute local capital outlay funds from the Capital Improvement Tax to charter schools. HB 7069 establishes the calculation methodology to determine the amount of local capital outlay funds from the Capital Improvement Tax a school district must distribute to each eligible charter school. Such calculation provides that the amount of local capital outlay funds from the Capital Improvement Tax a school district must distribute to each eligible charter school will be reduced by the school district's annual debt service for obligations incurred as of March 1, 2017 that are paid with Capital Improvement Tax revenues, and requires the first payment to charter schools as of February 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2018.

On March 11, 2018, then Governor Rick Scott approved Committee Substitute for House Bill 7055 ("CS/HB 7055"). CS/HB 7055, among other things, revises certain of the requirements of HB 7069 relating to the required sharing of the Capital Improvement Tax revenues with charter schools. CS/HB 7055, among other things, specifies that charter school capital outlay funds shall consist of State funds when such funds are appropriated. However, if in any given year, the amount of State funds is not equal to, or is less than, the average charter school capital outlay funds per unweighted FTE student for the Fiscal Year 2018-19, multiplied by the estimated number of charter school students for the applicable fiscal year and adjusted for inflation from the previous year, charter school capital outlay funds shall also consist of the Capital Improvement Tax revenue. CS/HB 7055 also seeks to clarify that the debt service obligation that can be reduced from the distribution to charter schools is the debt service obligation incurred as of March 1, 2017, which has not been subsequently retired, and also requires each school district to annually certify to the State of Florida Department of Education the amount of the debt service obligation that can be reduced from the distribution to charter schools. The provisions of HB 7069 are subject to lawsuits filed by certain affected school boards, including the School Board. To date, the provisions of HB 7069 have been upheld at the trial court in one of the lawsuits filed by the School Board and other plaintiff school boards. That case has been appealed by the School Board and the other plaintiff school boards and consolidated with another case brought by many of the same plaintiff school boards, including the School Board. The other lawsuit challenging HB 7069 has been stayed by the trial court pending the appeal of the other case. The final outcome of those lawsuits cannot be determined at this time. At this time, the School Board cannot determine the long-term impact of HB 7069, as revised by

CS/HB 7055, on the amount of revenues available to the School Board from the Capital Improvement Tax. For Fiscal Year 2017-2018, the impact of HB 7069 on the District reduced its capital budget by \$11.5 million. For Fiscal Year 2018-19, there is no impact on the District as Fiscal Year 2018-19 provides the baseline State funding for determining whether charter schools receive any Capital Improvement Tax revenues in future years. The State 2019-20 education budget also provides for sufficient State charter capital outlay funds per FTE student such that the District will not be required to share any Capital Improvement Tax revenues with charter schools in the District in Fiscal Year 2019-20. However, no assurance can be given that the State will continue to allocate sufficient State funds in future years.

RECENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES

General

During recent years, various other legislative proposals and constitutional amendments relating to ad valorem taxation and District revenues have been introduced in the State Legislature. Many of these proposals provide for new or increased exemptions to ad valorem taxation, limit increases in assessed valuation of certain types of property or otherwise restrict the ability of local governments in the State to levy ad valorem taxes at recent, historical levels. Other proposals have sought to restrict the ability of local governments to use certain revenues for payment of debt service or provide for additional procedures and notices to issue tax-supported debt. There can be no assurance that similar or additional legislative or other proposals will not be introduced or enacted in the future that would, or might apply to, or have a material adverse effect upon, the District or its finances.

Reference is also made to "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES – Recent Legislative Initiatives and Constitutional Amendments Affecting Ad Valorem Taxes" for a discussion of recent amendments to the Florida Constitution and other legislation affecting ad valorem tax revenues.

Legislative Changes Relating to School Choice

During the State Legislature's 2016 Regular Session, the Florida Legislature enacted House Bill 7029 ("HB 7029"). Among other things, a parent whose child is not subject to a current expulsion or suspension order may seek enrollment in and transport his or her child to any public school in the State, including a charter school, which has not reached capacity. The school district or charter school shall accept and report the student for purposes of funding through the FEFP. The school district or charter school may provide student transportation at their discretion. HB 7029 requires the capacity determinations of each school district and charter school to be current and identified on their respective school websites. Each school must provide preferential treatment in its controlled open enrollment process to: (1) dependent children of active duty military personnel who moved as a result of military orders, (2) children relocated due to foster care placement in a different school zone, (3) children relocated due to a court ordered change in custody as a result of separation or divorce, or the serious illness or death of a parent, and (4) students residing in the school district. Students residing in the school district may not be displaced by a student from another school district. A student who transfers may remain at the school until the student completes the highest grade level offered. This amendment took effect with the 2017-2018 school year. [At present, the impact of the school choice provisions of HB 7029 on the District's finances has been minimal.]

HB 7029 also revises the method for enforcing compliance with the Class Size Legislation (described below) to clarify that for purposes of enforcing compliance, the calculating is based upon the statutory formula used to determine the reduction in class size categorical funding for noncompliance. At

present, it is not anticipated that the Class Size Legislation compliance enforcement provisions of HB 7029 will have any significant impact on the District's finances.

Schools of Hope

In addition to requiring school districts to share the Capital Improvement Tax revenue with charter schools, HB 7069 also established the Schools of Hope Program to encourage traditional public schools within the State and charter operators throughout the country to replicate their model and service students from persistently low-performing schools. Those provisions of HB 7069, now codified in Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, provide for the establishment of Schools of Hope, which are charter schools operated by a Hope Operator (as defined below) to service students from one or more persistently low-performing schools; are located within the attendance zone of the persistently low-performing school or within a five mile radius of such school, whichever is greater; and is a Title I eligible school. Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, defines a "persistently low-performing school" as a school that has earned three consecutive school grades lower than a "C" pursuant to Section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, and a school that was closed pursuant to Section 1008.33(4), Florida Statutes, within two years of a notice of intent, defines "Hope Operator" as a nonprofit organization that operates three or more charter schools with a record of serving students from low-income families and receives such designation from the FDOE. Pursuant to Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, the statutory requirements for the application, approval, and contract that apply to charter schools do not apply to Schools of Hope; instead, a Hope Operator submits a notice of intent to a school district in order to open a School of Hope and the school district is required to enter into a performance based agreement with a Hope Operator within 60 days of receiving a notice of intent.

During the 2019 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 7070 ("SB 7070") was passed by the State Legislature and signed into law by the Governor. SB 7070 amends Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, in various ways. SB 7070 defines "Florida Opportunity Zone" to mean a population census tract that has been designated by the United State Department of the Treasury as a Qualified Opportunity Zone pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code; revises the definitions of "persistently low-performing school" to mean a school that has earned three school grades lower than a "C" pursuant to Section 1008.34, Florida Statutes in at least three of the previous five years and has not earned a school grade of "B" or higher in the most recent two school years, and a school that was closed pursuant to Section 1008.33(4), Florida Statutes, within two years of a notice of intent; and amends various provisions of Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, to allow schools of hope to operate in a Florida Opportunity Zone. These provisions of SB 7070 will become effective on July 1, 2019.

Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, also (a) provides Schools of Hope with certain statutory authority, including, but not limited to, allowing a School of Hope to be designated as a local educational agency for the purposes of receiving federal funds; (b) provides that Schools of Hope are exempt from Chapters 1000-1013, Florida Statutes, and all school board policies, except any laws related to (i) the student assessment program and school grading system, (ii) student progression and graduation, (iii) provisions of services to students with disabilities, (iv) civil rights, (v) student health, safety, and welfare, (vi) public meetings, (vii) public records, and (viii) the code of ethics for public officers and employees.; (c) provides provisions for facilities for Schools of Hope; (d) provides provisions for funding Schools of Hope, including that they be funded in accordance with the statutory provisions relating to funding for charter schools and be considered a charter schools for purposes of charter school capital outlay; (e) establishes the School of Hope Program to cover specified operational expenses for Schools of Hope; and (f) establishes the Schools of Hope Revolving Loan Program to help Schools of Hope cover school building construction and startup costs.

The District currently has one school identified as a "persistently low-performing school" under Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes. The establishment of the "schools of hope" provisions of HB 7069 is also subject to legal challenge by certain school boards in the State, including the School Board. At this time, the School Board cannot determine what impact HB 7069, if ultimately upheld, will have on the District and any "persistently low-performing schools" therein.

Public Safety Mandate

In 2018, the Florida Legislature passed Senate Bill 7026 ("SB 7026") which, among other things, includes provisions designed to: enhance school safety policies, procedures, and personnel at the State and local level; improve and expand mental health services; and revise laws and empower law enforcement and the courts to limit access to firearms by young adults or by individuals exhibiting a risk of harming themselves or others. Specifically, SB 7026 requires each school board and superintendent to partner with law enforcement agencies to establish or assign one or more safe-school officers at each school facility within the district by implementing any combination of the following options: (a) establish school resource officer programs through cooperative agreements with law enforcement agencies; (b) commission one or more school safety officers for the protection and safety of school personnel, property, and students within the school district; and (c) at a school district's discretion, and if established by the sheriff's office, participate in the Guardian Program, which allows certain school employees (but not employees who exclusively perform classroom duties as classroom teachers) to carry a firearm on school grounds if such employee volunteers and completes the statutorily required training. During the 2019 Legislative session, the State Legislature passed CS/CS/SB 7030 ("SB 7030") which among other things, removes the prohibition on individuals who perform exclusively classroom duties as a teacher from participating in the Guardian Program. However, the decision to allow teachers to be armed guardians remains with each individual school board. In 2018, the Board adopted a resolution which prohibits arming teachers in the District. The Governor has signed SB 7030 into law. The School Board intends to comply with SB 7026 and SB 7030 through school resource officers and/or the Guardian Program. For Fiscal Year 2018-19, the School Board budgeted approximately \$15 million towards the cost of implementing SB 7026. For Fiscal Year 2019-20, the District expects to budget approximately \$17.6 million towards the cost of implementing SB 7026.

Constitutional Amendments Relating to Class Size Reduction

Article IX of the State Constitution was amended in 2002 by Amendment 9, which requires that the State Legislature provide funding for sufficient classrooms so that class sizes can be reduced to certain constitutional class size maximums by the beginning of the 2010 school year. Amendment 9, Section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, and Section 1013.735, Florida Statutes, relating to the implementation of Amendment 9, collectively are referred to herein as the "Class Size Legislation."

The Class Size Legislation establishes constitutional class size maximums limiting students per class to no more than 18 for pre-kindergarten through 3rd grade, 22 for grades 4 through 8 and 25 for grades 9 through 12. Compliance is determined on a period-by-period basis. In the event a school district is not in compliance with such requirements (based on October student enrollment), the legislation provides that the State shall reduce the class size funding, which can be adjusted for good cause. For those school districts that are in compliance with the constitutional amendment, a reallocation bonus of up to 5% of the base student allocation shall be distributed. School districts not in compliance are required to submit to the Commissioner of Education a corrective action plan that describes specific actions the district will take in order to fully comply with the requirements by October of the following year. If the district submits the certified plan by the required deadline, 75% of the funds remaining after the reallocation to school districts will be reallocated based upon each school district's proportion of the total reduction.

The Class Size Legislation also created the "Operating Categorical Fund for Class Size Reduction," the "Classroom for Kids Program," the "District Effort Recognition Grant Program" and the "Class Size Reduction Lottery Revenue Bond Program" to provide funding programs for capital outlays and operating expenditures necessary to satisfy the mandated class size reductions.

The Class Size Legislation requires each school board to consider implementing various policies and methods to meet these constitutional class sizes, including encouraging dual enrollment courses, encouraging the Florida Virtual School, maximizing instructional staff, reducing construction costs, using joint-use facilities, implementing alternative class scheduling, redrawing attendance zones, implementing evening and multiple sessions and implementing year-round and non-traditional calendars.

Through Fiscal Year 2009-10, the District complied with the requirements of the Class Size Legislation which was based on the average class size at all schools. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2010-11, the requirements were based on the number of students in each individual classroom and subsequently, schools that provided choice (e.g., charter, magnet, career and technical, etc.) continued to be required to meet average class size. Excluding charter schools, the District was at 100% compliance with class size requirements for Fiscal Years 2016-2017, 2017-2018 and 2018-19.

LITIGATION

There is no litigation now pending or threatened: (i) to restrain or enjoin the issuance or sale of the Notes; (ii) questioning or affecting the validity of the Notes, the Resolution or the pledge by the District under the Resolution; or (iii) questioning or affecting the validity of any of the proceedings for the authorization, sale, execution or delivery of the Notes.

The District is involved in certain litigation and disputes incidental to its operations. Upon the basis of information presently available, the General Counsel Office and Risk Management Administration to the Board believes that there are substantial defenses to such litigation and disputes and that, in any event, any ultimate liability, in excess of applicable insurance coverage, resulting therefrom will not materially adversely affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

TAX EXEMPTION

[To be reviewed by Note Counsel]

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), includes requirements which the District must continue to meet after the issuance of the Notes in order that the interest on the Notes be and remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The District's failure to meet these requirements may cause the interest on the Notes to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Notes. The District has covenanted in the Resolution to take the actions required by the Code in order to maintain the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Notes.

In the opinion of Note Counsel, assuming the accuracy of certain certifications of the District and continuing compliance by the District with the tax covenants referred to above, under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and court decisions, the interest on the Notes is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Interest on the Notes is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. Note Counsel is further of the opinion that the Notes and the interest thereon are not subject to taxation under the laws of the State, except as to estate

taxes and taxes under Chapter 220, Florida Statutes, on interest, income, or profits on debt obligations owned by corporations as defined in said Chapter 220. Note Counsel will express no opinion as to any other tax consequences regarding the Notes. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should consult their own tax advisors as to the status of interest on the Notes under the tax laws of any state other than Florida.

Except as described above, Note Counsel will express no opinion regarding the federal income tax consequences resulting from the receipt or accrual of the interest on the Notes, or the ownership or disposition of the Notes. Prospective purchasers of Notes should be aware that the ownership of Notes may result in other collateral federal tax consequences, including (i) the denial of a deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Notes, (ii) the reduction of the loss reserve deduction for property and casualty insurance companies by the applicable statutory percentage of certain items, including the interest on the Notes, (iii) the inclusion of the interest on the Notes in the earnings of certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States for purposes of a branch profits tax, (iv) the inclusion of the interest on the Notes in the passive income subject to federal income taxation of certain Subchapter S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of the taxable year and (v) the inclusion of interest on the Notes in the determination of the taxability of certain Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits to certain recipients of such benefits. The nature and extent of the other tax consequences described above will depend on the particular tax status and situation of each owner of the Notes. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should consult their own tax advisors as to the impact of these other tax consequences.

Note Counsel's opinion is based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinion is further based on factual representations made to Note Counsel as of the date hereof. Note Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to Note Counsel's attention, or to reflect any changes in law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, Note Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of a particular result, and are not binding on the IRS or the courts; rather, such opinions represent Note Counsel's professional judgment based on its review of existing law, and in reliance on the representations and covenants that it deems relevant to such opinion.

Possibility of Future Changes in Tax Law

From time to time, there are legislative proposals suggested, debated, introduced or pending in Congress or in the State legislature that, if enacted into law, could alter or amend one or more of the federal tax matters, or state tax matters, respectively, described above, including, without limitation, the excludability from gross income of interest on the Notes, adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Notes, or otherwise prevent the holders from realizing the full current benefit of the status of the interest thereon. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal may be enacted, or whether, if enacted, any such proposal would apply to the Notes. If enacted into law, such legislative proposals could affect the market price or marketability of the Notes. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should consult their tax advisors as to the impact of any proposed or pending legislation.

Tax Treatment of Note Premium

The Notes were offered at a price in excess of the principal amount thereof. Under the Code, the excess of the cost basis of a note over the amount payable at maturity or earlier call date is generally characterized as "bond premium." For federal income tax purposes, a portion of the bond premium on the Notes in each taxable year will reduce the cost basis of the owner thereof (i.e., be amortized), but may not be deducted. The amount of amortizable bond premium attributable to each taxable year is determined on an actuarial basis at a constant interest rate compounded on each interest payment date (or over a shorter

permitted compounding interval selected by the owner). Special rules apply in the case of an owner who holds a Note as inventory, stock in trade or for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business.

Owners of Notes should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the precise determination for federal income tax purposes of the annual amount of amortizable bond premium, the treatment of such bond premium upon the sale or other disposition of Notes and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning and disposing of Notes.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Interest paid on tax-exempt bonds such as the Notes is subject to information reporting to the Internal Revenue Service in a manner similar to interest paid on taxable obligations. This reporting requirement does not affect the excludability of interest on the Notes from gross income for federal income tax purposes. However, in conjunction with that information reporting requirement, the Code subjects certain non-corporate owners of Notes, under certain circumstances, to "backup withholding" at the rates set forth in the Code, with respect to payments on the Notes and proceeds from the sale of Notes. Any amount so withheld would be refunded or allowed as a credit against the federal income tax of such owner of Notes. This withholding generally applies if the owner of Notes (i) fails to furnish the payor such owner's social security number or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), (ii) furnished the payor an incorrect TIN, (iii) fails to properly report interest, dividends, or other "reportable payments" as defined in the Code, or (iv) under certain circumstances, fails to provide the payor or such owner's securities broker with a certified statement, signed under penalty of perjury, that the TIN provided is correct and that such owner is not subject to backup withholding. Prospective purchasers of the Notes may also wish to consult with their tax advisors with respect to the need to furnish certain taxpayer information in order to avoid backup withholding.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Notes are subject to the legal opinions of Greenberg Traurig, P.A., Miami, Florida, Note Counsel. Copies of such opinions will be available at the time of delivery of the Notes. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by Barbara J. Myrick, Esq., General Counsel.

The form of the proposed opinion is attached to this Official Statement as "APPENDIX C - FORM OF NOTE COUNSEL OPINION." The actual legal opinion to be delivered may vary from that text if necessary to reflect facts and law on the date of delivery. The opinion will speak only as of its date, and subsequent distribution of it by recirculation of the Official Statement or otherwise shall create no implication that Note Counsel have reviewed or express any opinion concerning any of the matters referenced in the opinion subsequent to its date.

DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY FLORIDA BLUE SKY REGULATIONS

Section 517.051, Florida Statutes, and the regulations promulgated thereunder require that full and fair disclosure is made of any bonds or other debt obligations of the District that have been in default as to payment of principal or interest at any time after December 31, 1975 (including bonds or other debt obligations for which the District served only as a conduit issuer). The District is not and has not been since December 31, 1975, in default as to payment of principal and interest on its bonds or other debt obligations.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Official Statement contains certain "forward-looking statements" concerning the School Board's or the District's operations, performance and financial condition, including its future economic performance, plans and objectives and the likelihood of success in developing and expanding. These statements are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates which are subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are beyond the control of the School Board or District. The words "may," "would," "could," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "plan," "estimate" and similar expressions are meant to identify these forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

RATING

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned its municipal bond rating of "_____" to the Notes as set forth on the cover page hereof. Such rating reflects only the view of Moody's and any desired explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Moody's at the following address: Moody's Investors Service, 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance such rating will continue for any given period of time or that such rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by Moody's if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

PFM Financial Advisors LLC, Orlando, Florida, is serving as Financial Advisor (the "Financial Advisor") to the District. The Financial Advisor assisted in matters relating to the planning, structuring, execution and delivery of the Notes and provided other advice. The Financial Advisor did not engage in any underwriting activities with regard to the sale of the Notes. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information contained in the Official Statement.

PFM Financial Advisors LLC is an independent advisory firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal or other public securities.

NOTEHOLDERS' RISKS

The Notes are limited obligations of the District payable solely from the Pledged Revenues, and to the extent necessary, Non-Ad Valorem Funds, only in the manner and to the extent provided in the Resolution and described herein, and are not secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the District. Because the Notes are limited obligations, the sources of money pledged to secure payment of the Notes may be insufficient therefor, and the Noteholders would not be able to compel the levy of taxes (other than the taxes levied for operating purposes for the Current Fiscal Year) or the institution of foreclosure proceedings against any property of the District to provide for payment of the Notes and the interest thereon. Certain factors may affect the adequacy of the Pledged Revenues and Non-Ad Valorem Funds to provide for payment of the Notes, and there can be no assurance that the Pledged Revenues and Non-Ad Valorem Funds will be adequate to provide for payment of the Notes and the interest thereon.

In particular, the adequacy of the Pledged Revenues and Non-Ad Valorem Funds to provide for repayment of the Notes depends upon (1) the ability of taxpayers in the County to pay the ad valorem taxes levied in the Current Fiscal Year, (2) the percentage of collection of ad valorem taxes for the Current Fiscal Year, (3) the receipt by the District of the federal and state funds upon which it depends, in part, for the funding of its operations for the Current Fiscal Year, and (4) the absence of the need for extraordinary, unforeseen expenditures during the Current Fiscal Year. These matters are largely dependent upon factors beyond the control of the District, and any adverse developments with respect to these or other factors could affect the ability of the District to pay the principal of and interest on the Notes.

UNDERWRITING

The Notes are being purchased by _____ as the winning bidder of the competitive public sale of the Notes (the "Underwriter") at an aggregate purchase price of \$_____ (which represents the \$_____ principal amount of the Notes plus a note premium of \$_____, minus an underwriting discount of \$_____). The offer of the Underwriter to purchase the Notes provides for the purchase of all of the Notes if any are purchased. The Notes may be reoffered and sold by the Underwriter to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers at prices that are lower than the stated public offering price. After the initial public offering, the Underwriter may change the offering price from time to time.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

On the date of issuance of the Notes, the District will execute a Material Events Notice Certificate in the form attached hereto as "Appendix E - Form of Material Events Notice Certificate" pursuant to which the District will agree, for the benefit of the holders of the Notes, to provide notice of the occurrence of certain enumerated events in accordance with the provisions of, and to the degree necessary to comply with, Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Because the Notes have a stated maturity of 18 months or less, the District is exempt from the continuing disclosure requirements of the Rule.

Pursuant to the Material Events Notice Certificate, the District will provide in a timely manner not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the event to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA), notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Notes: (a) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (b) non-payment related defaults, if material; (c) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (d) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (e) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (f) adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Notes; (g) modification of rights of registered owners of the Notes, if material; (h) Note calls, if material, and tender offers; (i) defeasances; (j) release, substitution or sale of property securing the repayment of the Notes, if material; (k) rating changes; (l) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or a similar event of the District; (m) events relating to mergers, consolidations or acquisitions of an obligated person with respect to the Notes, if material; (n) appointment of successor or additional trustee, if material; (o) incurrence of a financial obligation, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation, any of which affect security holders, if material; and (p) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation, any of which reflect financial difficulties. Such obligation of the District will remain

in effect, subject to the following sentence, so long as the Notes are outstanding in accordance with their terms. The intent of the District's undertaking in the Material Events Notice Certificate is to provide notice of enumerated events described in the Rule and, accordingly, the District reserves the right to modify its obligations under the Material Events Notice Certificate so long as any such modification is made in a manner consistent with the Rule. Furthermore, to the extent that the Rule no longer requires the issuers of municipal securities to provide all or any portion of the notice the District has agreed to provide pursuant to the Material Events Notice Certificate, the obligation of the District to provide such information also shall cease immediately.

MISCELLANEOUS

The information contained in this Official Statement has been compiled from sources deemed to be reliable, and while not guaranteed as to completeness or accuracy, is believed to be correct as of this date. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder is to create, under any circumstances, any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or the Board from the date hereof.

This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the securities referred to herein and may not be reproduced or used, as a whole or in part, for any other purpose. Any statements made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or of estimates, whether or not so expressly stated are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized. Neither this Official Statement nor any statement that may have been made orally or in writing is to be construed as a contract with the owners of the Notes.

The references, excerpts, and summaries of all documents, statutes, and information concerning the District, the Notes and certain reports and statistical data referred to herein do not purport to be complete, comprehensive and definitive and each such summary and reference is qualified in its entirety by reference to each such document for full and complete statements of all matters of fact relating to the Notes, the security for the payment of the Notes and the rights and obligations of the owners thereof and to each such statute, report or instrument.

The Appendices attached hereto are integral parts of this Official Statement and must be read in their entirety together with all foregoing statements.

Further information regarding the District is available upon request from Ivan Perrone, Treasurer, 600 Southeast Third Avenue, 2nd Floor, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301, Telephone (754) 321-1980, or during the offering period for the Notes, from PFM Financial Advisors LLC, 300 South Orange Avenue, Suite 1170, Orlando, Florida 32801, (407) 648-2208, Financial Advisor to the District.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

AUTHORIZATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement has been duly authorized by the authority of the Board. Concurrently with the delivery of the Notes, the Board will furnish a certificate to the effect that nothing has come to their attention which would lead them to believe that the Official Statement (other than the information related to DTC or its book-entry system of registration and the information contained under the heading "TAX EXEMPTION," as to which no opinion will be expressed), as of its date and as of the date of delivery of the Notes, contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

**SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BROWARD
COUNTY, FLORIDA**

By: *Do not sign*
Heather P. Brinkworth, Chair, The School
Board of Broward County, Florida

By: *Do not sign*
Robert W. Runcie, Superintendent of
Schools and Secretary to The School Board
of Broward County, Florida

APPENDIX A

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

APPENDIX B

**EXCERPTED PAGES FROM THE
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF
THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

APPENDIX C

FORM OF NOTE COUNSEL OPINION

APPENDIX D

AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION

APPENDIX E

FORM OF MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICE CERTIFICATE

EXHIBIT E

[\$[POS AMOUNT]]*
School District of Broward County, Florida
Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019

RULE 15c2-12 CERTIFICATE

The undersigned hereby certifies and represents that he is the duly appointed Treasurer of the School District of Broward County, Florida (the “District”) and is authorized to execute and deliver this Certificate, and further certifies on behalf of the District as follows:

1. This Certificate is delivered to enable the District to comply with Rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Rule”) in connection with the offering and sale of \$[POS AMOUNT]* aggregate principal amount of Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019 referred to above (the “Notes”).

2. In connection with the offering and sale of the Notes, there has been prepared a Preliminary Official Statement, dated the date hereof, setting forth information concerning the Notes and the District (the “Preliminary Official Statement”).

3. As used herein, “Permitted Omissions” shall mean the offering price, interest rate, selling compensation, aggregate principal amount, principal amount per maturity, delivery dates, ratings, the identity of the Purchaser and other terms of the Notes depending on such matters.

4. The undersigned hereby deems the Preliminary Official Statement “final” as of its date, within the meaning of the Rule, except for the Permitted Omissions, and the information therein is accurate and complete except for the Permitted Omissions.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has hereunto set his hand on [POS Date].

Do not sign _____
Ivan Perrone, Treasurer
School District of Broward County, Florida

* Preliminary, subject to change

EXHIBIT F

MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICE CERTIFICATE

This Material Events Notice Certificate is executed and delivered by the School District of Broward County, Florida (the “District”) in connection with the issuance by the District of its \$[PAR AMOUNT] Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2019 (the “Notes”). The Notes are being issued pursuant to the Resolution adopted on June 25, 2019 (the “Note Resolution”) by The School Board of Broward County, Florida (the “Board”) acting as the governing body of the District. The District covenants and agrees as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Material Events Notice Certificate. This Material Events Notice Certificate is being executed and delivered by the District for the benefit of the Holders and Beneficial Owners of the Notes and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with the Rule defined below.

SECTION 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Note Resolution and in the Notes, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Material Events Notice Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person who (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any Notes (including persons holding Notes through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of any Notes for federal income tax purposes.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean the Board, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Board and which has filed with the Board a written acceptance of such designation.

“Listed Events” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 3(a) of this Material Events Notice Certificate.

“MSRB” means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board established pursuant to Section 15B(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

“Participating Underwriter” shall mean the original purchaser of the Notes required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Notes.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“State” shall mean the State of Florida.

SECTION 3. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 3, the District shall give, or cause to be given, in a timely manner not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the event, to the MSRB at <http://emma.msrb.org>, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Notes:

- (1) Principal and interest payment delinquencies,
- (2) Non-payment related defaults under the Note Resolution,
- (3) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties,
- (4) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties,
- (5) Substitution of the credit or liquidity providers or their failure to perform,
- (6) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax-exempt status of the Notes, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Notes,
- (7) Modifications to rights of Noteholders,
- (8) Optional, contingent or unscheduled Note calls,
- (9) Defeasances,
- (10) Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Notes,
- (11) Rating changes,
- (12) Bankruptcy, insolvency receivership or similar event of the District or an obligated person,

Note to subsection (a)(12) of this Section 3: For the purposes of the event described in subsection (a)(12) of this Section 3, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an Obligated Person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Obligated Person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing

governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Obligated Person.

- (13) The consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition of an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material,
- (14) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material,
- (15) Tender offers,
- (16) Incurrence of a financial obligation, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation, any of which affect security holders, if material, and
- (17) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

(b) Upon the occurrence of a Listed Event under subsections (a)(1), (3), (4), (5), (6), (9), (11), (12), (15), (16) and (17), the District shall file a notice of such event with the MSRB at <http://emma.msrb.org> in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event.

(c) If the District determines that knowledge of the occurrence of a Listed Event under subsections (a)(2), (7), (8), (10), (13) and (14) would be material under applicable federal securities laws, the District shall file a notice of such event with the MSRB at <http://emma.msrb.org> in a timely manner not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the event.

SECTION 4. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The District's obligations under this Material Events Notice Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance or payment in full of all of the Notes. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the Notes, the District shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 3(a).

SECTION 5. Dissemination Agent. The District may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Material

Events Notice Certificate, and may discharge any such Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by the District pursuant to this Material Events Notice Certificate.

SECTION 6. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Material Events Notice Certificate, the District may amend this Material Events Notice Certificate, and any provision of this Material Events Notice Certificate may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Section 3(a), it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Notes, or the type of business conducted;

(b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized securities law counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Notes, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the Holders of the Notes in the same manner as provided in the Note Resolution for amendments to the Note Resolution with the consent of Holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized securities law counsel, materially impair the interests of the Holders or Beneficial Owners of the Notes.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Material Events Notice Certificate, the District shall describe such amendment in a notice of such change given in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 3(a), and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver.

SECTION 7. Additional Information. Nothing in this Material Events Notice Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the District from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Material Events Notice Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Material Events Notice Certificate. If the District chooses to include any information in any notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Material Events Notice Certificate, the District shall have no obligation under this Certificate to update such information or include it in any future notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 8. Default. In the event of a failure of the District to comply with any provision of this Material Events Notice Certificate any Holder or Beneficial Owner of the Notes may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the District to comply with its obligations under this Material Events Notice Certificate. A default under this Material Events Notice Certificate shall not be deemed an event of default with respect to the Note Resolution or the Notes, and the sole remedy under this Material Events Notice Certificate in the event of any failure of the

District to comply with this Material Events Notice Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 9. Beneficiaries. This Material Events Notice Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the District, the Board, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriter and Holders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the Notes, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

Date: [Closing Date]

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD
COUNTY, FLORIDA

By: *Do not sign* _____
Heather P. Brinkworth, Chair

[Signature page to Material Events Notice Certificate]